

JOSHUA 1

JOSHUA 2

- Joshua was his son.
 - Moses
 - Aaron
 - Nun
 - Reuben
- When did the Lord Speak to Joshua to become the new leader?
 - When Moses died
 - When he saw a burning bush
 - In a dream
 - In a vision
- The Lord told Joshua, that every place the sole of his foot tread
 - Would ignite.
 - They would worship him.
 - God had given them.
 - Would be desolate.
- God had given them all the land to this river.
 - Euphrates
 - Nile
 - Mississippi
 - The river of life
- The Lord told Joshua, He would not do this.
 - Fight his battles
 - Show Himself
 - Fail or forsake Joshua
 - Prosper the children of Israel
- Joshua was told not to turn to the right or left from this.
 - Canaan
 - The sea
 - The law
 - The tabernacle
- Joshua told the people to prepare to possess the land within
 - 1 day.
 - 3 days.
 - 1 week.
 - 3 weeks.
- The Reubenites, the Gadites and half of this tribe were given their inheritance on one side of Jordan.
 - Manasseh
 - Benjamin
 - Reuben
 - Levi
- They were to pass before their brethren until
 - Eventide.
 - The Lord gave them rest.
 - The trumpets sounded.
 - They could fight no more.
- The people said, whoever did not obey Joshua's commandment would
 - Not enter the promised land.
 - Not prosper.
 - Be put to death.
 - Be admonished.

- How many spies did Joshua send out?
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 6
- What land did they go to spy out?
 - Jerusalem
 - Jericho
 - Midian
 - Nazareth
- The men stayed at this harlot's house.
 - Rhea
 - Rhoda
 - Rahab
 - Rachel
- When the king's men came looking for the spies, she told them
 - Where the men were.
 - She had not seen them.
 - They had left.
 - She would tell them for a price.
- Where did she hide them?
 - In a closet
 - On the roof
 - In the basement
 - At a neighbors
- The harlot told the spies, when her people heard of what the Lord did for the children of Israel
 - They did not believe it.
 - They laughed with scorn.
 - Their hearts melted.
 - They rejoiced.
- She asked the spies, if they would do this, in return for her kindness.
 - Give her gold
 - Take her with them
 - Take her as a wife
 - Spare her family
- The spies left her house
 - Through an underground tunnel.
 - By a cord through the window.
 - Out the back door.
 - Through the chimney.
- The men told her, to have this in her window.
 - A burning candle
 - A scarlet cord
 - An olive branch
 - A golden feather
- The spies abode here three days.
 - The harlot's house
 - On the city wall
 - In the mountains
 - Hidden in flax

JOSHUA 3

- The people left Shittim and came here and lodged before they passed over.
 - Jordan
 - Egypt
 - Philistine
 - Horeb
- After how many days did the officers go through the hosts with instructions?
 - 2
 - 3
 - 7
 - 10
- The people were told, when they see this, they should follow after it.
 - The golden candlestick
 - The ark of the covenant
 - The golden calf
 - The cherubim
- Who would be carrying it?
 - The priests & Levites
 - The hand of God
 - Joshua
 - The spirit of Moses
- Joshua told the people, sanctify yourselves, for tomorrow the Lord shall
 - Call you by name.
 - Take our lives.
 - Give us a new commandment.
 - Do wonders among you.
- The Lord told Joshua, He would begin to do this to him that day.
 - Purge him from sin
 - Humble him before the heathen nations
 - Magnify him before the children of Israel
 - Expect more from him
- What were those carrying the ark of the covenant to do when they came to the brink of the waters of Jordan?
 - Turn back
 - Stand still in Jordan
 - Set the ark down
 - Blow the trumpets
- Joshua said, to call out this many men from each tribe.
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 10
- What happened when those who were carrying the ark, dipped their feet in the brim of the water?
 - They dropped the ark.
 - A cloud covered them.
 - The waters were cut off.
 - They heard the voice of God.
- How did the children of Israel cross Jordan?
 - On dry ground
 - By ship
 - On a ferry
 - On rafts

JOSHUA 4

- How many men did Joshua call?
 - 12
 - 20
 - 24
 - 30
- How many men were called from each tribe?
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3
 - 4
- What were the men to carry?
 - The ark of the covenant
 - Weapons
 - The children
 - Stones
- Where did they get them?
 - From Joshua
 - The midst of the Jordan
 - The plains of Moab
 - Gilgal
- Where did they carry them?
 - To Egypt
 - To the tabernacle
 - To their lodging place
 - To Mt. Sinai
- What were they for?
 - Good luck
 - To destroy Jericho
 - An altar
 - A memorial
- About how many passed over prepared for war?
 - 1,000
 - 10,000
 - 20,000
 - 40,000
- Who carried the ark of the testimony?
 - Joshua
 - The priests
 - 12 warriors
 - The children of Rueben & Gad
- Where did the people camp after they crossed Jordan?
 - Bethany
 - Capernaum
 - Gilgal
 - Homer
- The Lord had dried up this sea for the people to cross over.
 - Galilee
 - Tiberius
 - Red
 - Dead

JOSHUA 5

- What happened when the kings of the Amorites, and kings of the Canaanites, heard the Lord dried up the waters before the children of Israel?
 - They believed it not.
 - Their heart melted.
 - They laughed it to scorn.
 - They prayed to God.
- What did the Lord tell Joshua to do to the children of Israel?
 - Pierce their ear
 - Circumcise them
 - Wash them
 - Anoint them
- How long had the children of Israel walked in the wilderness?
 - 1 year
 - 7 years
 - 25 years
 - 40 years
- Why were all the men of war who came out of Egypt consumed?
 - For purification of the Jews
 - The Egyptians overtook them.
 - They did not obey God.
 - They were martyred for their faith.
- The children of Israel kept this feast in Gilgal.
 - Passover
 - Feast of the harvest
 - Feast of the trumpets
 - Year of Jubilee
- They ate this, and unleavened cakes.
 - Parsley
 - Corn
 - Barley
 - Figs
- This ceased and they never had it again.
 - Rain
 - Manna
 - Milk & honey
 - The blessing of God
- Joshua saw a man with this in his hand.
 - A sword
 - A golden trumpet
 - A harp
 - A key
- He identified himself as
 - Captain of the Lord's host.
 - Keeper of the gate.
 - One like unto the Son of Man.
 - The devil.
- What did he tell Joshua to do?
 - Cover his head
 - Hide his face
 - Remove his shoes
 - Call for the priests

JOSHUA 6

- The Lord told Joshua He had given this into his hand.
 - Riches
 - Jericho
 - Children
 - Power
- They were to go around the city, this many times, for six days.
 - 1
 - 2
 - 7
 - 10
- What were the priests before the ark to bear?
 - 2 edged swords
 - Golden staffs
 - Trumpets
 - Drums
- How many priests were there to be with these?
 - 4
 - 7
 - 10
 - 12
- How many times were they to go around the city on the seventh day?
 - 1
 - 3
 - 7
 - 12
- What were the people to do on the seventh day, when the priests blew the rams horns?
 - Flee
 - Shout
 - Knock the walls down
 - Rent their clothes
- What was to be done with all the silver and gold, and vessels of iron and brass from the city?
 - The people beat them into weapons.
 - It went in the treasury of the Lord.
 - It was divided among the men of war.
 - It was left in the ruins.
- What happened when the people shouted?
 - The Lord despised them.
 - Joshua rebuked them.
 - The wall fell.
 - Thunder come from the ark.
- She and her family were the only ones in the city that survived.
 - Rahab
 - Jezebel
 - Rhoda
 - Hannah
- Joshua saved her because
 - She hid the spies.
 - She was beautiful.
 - He loved her.
 - He feared her family.

Joshua 7

- The anger of the Lord was kindled against Israel because Achan
 - Ⓐ Took of the accursed thing. 1
 - Blasphemed God.
 - Desired to be king.
 - Discredited Joshua.
- Joshua sent men to view
 - Ⓐ Ai. 2
 - Jericho.
 - Jordan.
 - Uz.
- How many men went to fight?
 - Ⓐ About 3,000 4
 - About 5,000
 - About 10,000
 - About 20,000
- What did Joshua and the elders put upon their heads?
 - Oil
 - Water
 - Salt
 - Ⓓ Dust 6
- Why did God say, the children of Israel could not stand before their enemies?
 - Ⓐ Israel had sinned 11-12
 - The enemy was mighty.
 - The enemy had prayed.
 - No one respected Joshua.
- God said, He would no longer be among them, unless they
 - Fasted & prayed.
 - Ⓓ Destroyed the accursed thing. 12
 - Defeated their enemy.
 - Seek Him early.
- Achan took a wedge of this, among the spoils.
 - Silver
 - Ⓓ Gold 21
 - Cheese
 - Glass
- He also took two hundred shekels and
 - A jeweled crown.
 - Ⓓ A Babylonish garment. 21
 - A strange idol.
 - A cooking vessel.
- Where did he hide them?
 - Under his bed
 - Ⓓ Buried in his tent 21
 - Buried without the camp
 - In the ark of the covenant
- What happened to Achan and all of his family?
 - They were excommunicated.
 - They became slaves. 24-25
 - They were put in prison.
 - Ⓓ They were stoned & burned.

JOSHUA 8

- God told Joshua, he would do to Ai and her king, as he did to
 - Ⓐ Jericho. 2
 - Egypt.
 - Philistine.
 - Rome.
- Joshua chose this many men of valor, and sent them off by night.
 - 1,000
 - 3,000
 - 10,000
 - Ⓓ 30,000 3
- Where did he send them?
 - To the city gate
 - To caves
 - Ⓒ Behind the city 4
 - To the Jordan
- How many men did Joshua set in ambush, on the west side of the city?
 - 1,000
 - 2,000
 - 3,000
 - Ⓓ 5,000 12
- What did Joshua and his men do when Ai came out against them?
 - Ⓐ Fled to the wilderness 15
 - Stood still
 - Cried with great distress
 - Fell to the ground
- The Lord told Joshua to stretch this out toward Ai.
 - His neck
 - Ⓓ His spear 18
 - His trumpet
 - His lantern
- What did the ambush do to the city?
 - Forsook it
 - Took the women & children as slaves
 - Ⓒ Set it on fire 19
 - Deserted it
- What happened to the people of Ai?
 - They fled to the wilderness.
 - Ⓓ They were destroyed. 26
 - They were taken captive.
 - They destroyed Israel.
- What happened to the king of Ai.
 - He was burned alive.
 - He was beheaded.
 - Joshua killed him with a spear.
 - Ⓓ He was hanged on a tree. 29
- Joshua built
 - A wall.
 - A new city. 30
 - Ⓒ An altar.
 - Pride.

JOSHUA 9

- When the kings on this side of Jordan heard of the things of Israel, they gathered themselves together
 - And fled.
 - To fight. **1-2**
 - And asked for mercy.
 - And hid.
- The inhabitants of this place planned to deceive Joshua.
 - Lebanon
 - Canaan
 - Gibeon **3-4**
 - Ammon
- They made themselves as
 - Angels.
 - Soldiers.
 - Farmers.
 - Ambassadors. **4**
- They wore
 - Linen.
 - Old garments. **5**
 - Purple & scarlet.
 - Sackcloth.
- Their bread was
 - Leavened.
 - Unleavened.
 - Dry & moldy. **5**
 - Wheat & barley.
- Where did they tell Joshua they were from?
 - Egypt
 - Canaan
 - Gibeon
 - A very far country **9**
- Joshua did not ask for this.
 - Food.
 - Peace.
 - Counsel from the Lord. **14**
 - Identification.
- Joshua made this with them.
 - Supper
 - A peace agreement **15**
 - War
 - Merry
- The princes said, we must let them live lest
 - Their name be no more.
 - Their children be orphans. **20**
 - Wrath be on us. **20**
 - They join our enemies.
- What was done to the people of Gibeon?
 - They were slain.
 - They were driven from the land. **23**
 - They became servants. **23**
 - They joined Israel's enemies.

JOSHUA 10

- How many kings of the Amorites made war against Gibeon?
 - 2
 - 3
 - 5 **5**
 - 9
- What did the men of Gibeon do?
 - Hide in caves
 - Asked Joshua for help **6**
 - Set an ambush
 - Cried out to God for help
- What did the Lord cast down upon the armies?
 - Stars
 - Lightening
 - Hailstones **11**
 - Balls of fire
- Joshua asked, that this stand still, and God granted his request.
 - Gibeon
 - The enemy
 - The waters **12-13**
 - The sun & moon
- Where did the kings hide?
 - In a pit
 - In a cave **16**
 - Under the sea
 - In a chariot
- Joshua said, to do this to keep the kings, and pursue after the enemy.
 - Take their shoes
 - Roll stones **18**
 - Tie them up
 - Cure them
- After the battle, Joshua called for his captains, and told them to put this upon the kings.
 - Golden crowns
 - Crowns of thorns
 - Chains **24**
 - Their feet
- Joshua slew them and
 - Hanged them on trees. **26**
 - Beheaded them.
 - Stoned them.
 - Sang a song.
- What did Joshua do with their bodies?
 - Cast them into the sea
 - Burned them
 - Dragged them through the city
 - Cast them in a cave **27**
- Joshua did this, as the Lord commanded.
 - Became king
 - Became high priest
 - Destroyed all that breathed **40**
 - Took a wife

JOSHUA 11

- The people who came out against Joshua were as
 - Gentle as lambs.
 - A roaring lion seeking to devour.
 - The sand on the seashore.
 - Cornered animals.
- They had many of these.
 - Women & children
 - Horses & chariots
 - Hopes & dreams
 - Holy men of God
- These kings pitched together at the waters of
 - The Nile.
 - The Babbling Brook.
 - Merom.
 - Euphrates.
- The Lord told Joshua, be not afraid, because He would deliver the enemy up slain, and these would be burnt with fire.
 - Their children
 - Their bodies
 - Their clothing
 - Their chariots
- Joshua burned none of the cities that stood still in their strength, but this one.
 - Hazor
 - Bethany
 - Gilead
 - Metropolis
- What did the children of Israel do with the spoils of the cities?
 - Buried them
 - Burned them
 - Took it for themselves
 - Put it in the Lord's treasury
- Joshua did all that the Lord commanded this servant of the Lord.
 - Moses
 - Aaron
 - Joseph
 - Abraham
- No one made peace with the children of Israel, except the inhabitants of this place.
 - Gaza
 - Gibeon
 - Jerusalem
 - Judah
- The Lord did this to the people's heart, that they should come against Israel in battle.
 - Melted
 - Hardened
 - Troubled
 - Softened
- Joshua took the whole land, and divided it for an inheritance to the children of Israel, according to
 - The number of battles won.
 - Their strength.
 - Their tribe.
 - The priest's command.

JOSHUA 12

- This chapter gives a list of
 - Animals.
 - Sins.
 - Kings.
 - Commandments.
- Israel did this to them
 - Sacrificed.
 - Smote.
 - Sold.
 - Disobeyed.
- This servant of the Lord, gave the Reubenites and Gadites and half the tribe of Manasseh a portion of land on one side of the Jordan.
 - Jacob
 - Caleb
 - Moses
 - Joseph
- This man, led the children of Israel on the other side of Jordan and divided the land among the remaining tribes.
 - Moses
 - Joshua
 - Joseph
 - David
- The tally of kings Joshua smote was
 - 100.
 - 31.
 - 67.
 - 14.

JOSHUA 13

- Who did the Lord speak to?
 - Joshua
 - Caleb
 - The priest
 - An angel
- How did the Lord describe Joshua?
 - Young
 - Strong
 - Old
 - Honorable
- The Lord said, there was much land to
 - Flee from.
 - Avoid.
 - Be possessed.
 - Make peace with.
- The Lord said, He would do this to the inhabitants.
 - Harden their hearts
 - Make peace with them
 - Serve them
 - Drive them out
- This land was to be
 - Burned.
 - An inheritance.
 - Sold.
 - Untouched.
- The land was to be divided among half the tribe of Manasseh and this many tribes.
 - 7
 - 8
 - 9
 - 10
- The children of Israel did not expel them from the land, and they dwelt among them.
 - The Egyptians & Ammonites
 - The Canaanites & Philistines
 - The Geshurites & Maachathites
 - The Greeks & Romans
- This soothsayer, son of Beor, was slain with the sword.
 - Balak
 - Balaam
 - Simon the sorcerer
 - The witch of Endor
- Moses did not give this tribe an inheritance.
 - Reuben
 - Simeon
 - Levi
 - Gad
- This was their inheritance.
 - Mt. Horeb
 - Their children
 - Their name
 - The Lord

JOSHUA 14

- Joshua, the heads of the tribes, and this priest, distributed the inheritance to the children of Israel.
 - Eleazar
 - Abinadab
 - Samuel
 - Simeon
- How many tribes had Moses given their lot on the other side of Jordan?
 - 1 ½
 - 2 ½
 - 3 ½
 - 4 ½
- They received no inheritance, but cities to dwell in, and suburbs for their cattle.
 - The Egyptians
 - The Levites
 - The Philistines
 - The Reubenites
- The children of Israel divided the land as
 - They saw fit.
 - The Lord commanded Moses.
 - The Lord commanded Jacob.
 - From the eldest to the youngest.
- This man spoke to Joshua, about the things God said concerning him.
 - Eleazar
 - Esau
 - Caleb
 - Gad
- He said, Moses sent him to do this, when he was forty years old.
 - Spy the land
 - Become a Nazarite
 - Separate himself from his people
 - Become a priest
- He said, his brethren made the heart of the people melt, but he
 - Feared the people.
 - Hid these things from them.
 - Wholly followed God.
 - Killed their king.
- How old was that man when he spoke to Joshua?
 - 48
 - 67
 - 80
 - 85
- He said, this was the same as it was forty years earlier.
 - His name
 - His strength
 - His desire
 - His fear
- Joshua gave this to him as an inheritance.
 - Hebron
 - Canaan
 - A crown
 - 30 pieces of silver

JOSHUA 15

- This chapter gives an account of the area assigned to this tribe.
 - Judah 1
 - Gad
 - Levi
 - Asher
- Caleb was given this city.
 - Nazareth
 - Capernaum
 - Hebron 13
 - San Fernando
- Caleb drove out the three sons of
 - Aaron.
 - Simeon.
 - Anak. 14
 - Esau.
- What did Caleb say he would give to the man who smote Kirjathsepher?
 - A crown
 - 40 talents of gold 16
 - 10 shekels of silver
 - His daughter
- What was the name of Caleb's daughter?
 - Dinah
 - Sapphira
 - Bathsheba
 - Achsah 16
- Who married Caleb's daughter?
 - Othniel 17
 - Joshua
 - Eleazar
 - Charlie
- Caleb's daughter moved her husband to ask Caleb for
 - Some cattle.
 - A field. 18
 - A job.
 - Gold.
- What did Caleb's daughter ask of him for a blessing?
 - A spring 19
 - A prayer
 - Raiment
 - A handmaiden
- The Jebusites were inhabitants of
 - Jebular.
 - Jerusalem. 63
 - Egypt.
 - Hebron.
- The children of Israel were unable to do this to the Jebusites.
 - Understand them
 - Make peace with them
 - Drive them out 63
 - Find them

JOSHUA 16

- This chapter tells of the area assigned to the children of
 - Joseph. 1
 - Benjamin.
 - Asher.
 - Judah.
- One of his sons was named
 - Simeon.
 - Eleazar.
 - Joshua. 4
 - Manasseh.
- The other son was named
 - Cornelius.
 - Jonah. 4
 - Seth.
 - Ephraim.
- They did not drive out the Canaanites that dwelled here.
 - Gezer 10
 - Uz
 - Bethany
 - Bethesda
- The Canaanites that dwelt among the children of Israel
 - Ruled over them.
 - Served under tribute. 10
 - Were converted to Judaism.
 - Did not fear God.

JOSHUA 17

- Who was the first born of Joseph?
 - Ephraim
 - Manasseh 1
 - Benjamin
 - Shem
- This man had no sons.
 - Ephraim
 - Manasseh
 - Zelophehad 3
 - Aaron
- That man's daughters came before Joshua and this priest.
 - Eleazar 4
 - Eli
 - Simeon
 - Nathan
- They reminded them, the Lord had commanded Moses to give them
 - Husbands.
 - Pity.
 - An inheritance. 4
 - Of the showbread.
- How many portions fell to Manasseh beside that on the other side of Jordan?
 - 4
 - 8
 - 10 5
 - 12
- The children of this man, questioned Joshua about their inheritance.
 - Joseph 14
 - Caleb
 - Judah
 - Asher
- They asked, why such a great people should receive only this portion.
 - 1
 - 2 14
 - 3
 - 4
- Joshua said, if you are a great people go to
 - God & ask of Him.
 - The wood country and clear it. 15
 - The other side of Jordan.
 - The other tribes & ask of them.
- They answered Joshua, that the Canaanites have these.
 - Kings
 - Temples
 - Marble palaces
 - Iron chariots 16
- Joshua said, they would do this, to the Canaanites.
 - Serve them
 - Drive them out 18
 - Make peace with them
 - Make slaves of them

JOSHUA 18

- All of the children of Israel gathered here.
 - Jerusalem
 - Nineveh
 - Eden
 - Shiloh 1
- They set this up at that place.
 - An altar
 - The tower of Babel
 - A fort
 - The tabernacle 1
- At that time how many tribes remained which did not receive their inheritance?
 - 3
 - 5
 - 7 2
 - 9
- Joshua asked the children of Israel, how long they would be slack to do this.
 - Praise God
 - Pay tribute
 - Possess the land 3
 - Correct their children
- Joshua asked for this many men from each tribe.
 - 1
 - 2
 - 3 4
 - 4
- What did Joshua want the men to do?
 - Go to battle
 - Sanctify themselves
 - Fall before God
 - View the land 4
- These men were to divide the land into how many parts?
 - 3
 - 5
 - 7 5
 - 9
- How would Joshua allot the land?
 - By tribes requests
 - By casting lots 6
 - By the eldest choosing first
 - Eenie-meenie-minie-moe
- This tribe received no inheritance.
 - Asher
 - Levi 7
 - Zebulun
 - Simeon
- When they began the process of distributing the inheritance, it began with this tribe.
 - Levi
 - Benjamin 11
 - Simeon
 - Zebulun

JOSHUA 19

- Who did the second lot come up for?
 a. Simeon
 b. Dan
 c. Levi
 d. Manasseh
 1
- Out of the portion of this tribe, was the inheritance of the children of Simeon, for their part was too much for them.
 a. Judah
 b. Dan
 c. Asher
 d. Issachar
 9
- The third lot came up for the children of
 a. Simeon.
 b. Levi.
 c. Dan.
 d. Zebulun.
 10
- The fourth lot came to
 a. Manasseh.
 b. Issachar.
 c. Dan.
 d. Reuben.
 17
- The fifth lot came to
 a. Asher.
 b. Gad.
 c. Levi.
 d. Simeon.
 24
- The sixth lot came to
 a. Naphtali.
 b. Gad.
 c. Reuben.
 d. Manasseh.
 32
- The seventh lot came up for
 a. Dan.
 b. Simeon.
 c. Asher.
 d. Issachar.
 40
- Dan needed more land so they smote
 a. Egypt.
 b. Midian.
 c. Bethany.
 d. Leshem.
 47
- When they finished dividing the land among the tribes, they gave an inheritance to this man.
 a. Eleazar
 b. Jacob
 c. Joshua
 d. Nathan
 49
- Who was the priest that helped divide the land?
 a. Nathan
 b. Eli
 c. Samuel
 d. Eleazar
 51

JOSHUA 20

- Who was speaking?
 a. The Lord
 b. Joshua
 c. Eleazar
 d. An angel
 1
- Who was he speaking to?
 a. The Lord
 b. Joshua
 c. Eleazar
 d. The congregation
 1
- Instruction was given to build cities for
 a. The sick.
 b. Widows.
 c. Strangers.
 d. Refuge.
 2
- Who did God first tell about these cities?
 a. Abraham
 b. Isaac
 c. Caleb
 d. Moses
 2
- Any person who did this, accidentally, could go to those cities.
 a. Blasphemed God
 b. Killed a person
 c. Stole a man's beast
 d. Broke any commandment
 3
- When someone flees to one of these cities, he must first stand
 a. At the gate.
 b. In the temple.
 c. In sackcloth & ashes.
 d. Naked.
 4
- What should he say?
 a. Father forgive me for I have sinned.
 b. I have sinned against God and man.
 c. His name, his tribe and his city.
 d. Explain his cause
 4
- Who does he say this to?
 a. God
 b. The elders
 c. The congregation
 d. The judge
 4
- They will not deliver him to
 a. Satan.
 b. The avenger of blood.
 c. Strangers.
 d. The sheriff.
 5
- He shall dwell in that city until he is judged by the congregation and
 a. His death.
 b. The death of the high priest.
 c. The death of the avenger of blood.
 d. He pays restitution.
 6

JOSHUA 21

- What was the name of the priest?
 a. Eleazar
 b. Abinadab
 c. Samuel
 d. Simeon
 1
- This man was the son of Nun.
 a. Simeon
 b. Asher
 c. Caleb
 d. Joshua
 1
- The heads of this tribe came to Joshua, and the priest, and the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel.
 a. Levi
 b. Gad
 c. Simeon
 d. Judah
 1
- Where did this take place?
 a. Capernaum
 b. Bethesda
 c. Shiloh
 d. Nineveh
 2
- They reminded them of what God had commanded
 a. Abraham.
 b. Isaac.
 c. Jacob.
 d. Moses.
 2
- What were they asking for?
 a. Gold
 b. Silver
 c. Garments
 d. Cities
 2
- What did they want for their cattle?
 a. Grains
 b. Water
 c. Grass
 d. Suburbs
 2
- The children of Israel gave of this to the Levites.
 a. Their inheritance
 b. Their leftovers
 c. Their children
 d. Their wisdom
 3
- How many cities, with their suburbs, were the Levites given?
 a. 20
 b. 36
 c. 48
 d. 53
 41
- Not one of these stood before the children of Israel.
 a. An enemy
 b. A grain of sand
 c. A blessing
 d. A miracle
 44

JOSHUA 22

- Joshua called these two tribes and half the tribe of Manasseh.
 a. Reuben & Gad
 b. Levi & Dan
 c. Dan & Asher
 d. Reuben & Simeon
 1
- Joshua commended them for this.
 a. Their wisdom
 b. Their bravery
 c. Making wise investments
 d. Keeping God's commandment
 3
- Joshua told them to return
 a. To Egypt.
 b. To the land of their possession.
 c. To the house of their mother.
 d. To Jerusalem.
 4
- Joshua cautioned them to serve God
 a. With sacrifices & burnt offerings.
 b. With all their heart.
 c. Every Sunday.
 d. In the wilderness.
 5
- Joshua instructed the half tribe of Manasseh to divide this, with their brethren.
 a. Milk & honey
 b. Bread & cheese
 c. Their enemy's spoil
 d. Their inheritance
 7-8
- When they came to the borders of Jordan, those two and a half tribes built
 a. A wall.
 b. A tower.
 c. An idol.
 d. An altar.
 10
- When all the children of Israel heard of it they
 a. Rejoiced greatly.
 b. Wept bitterly.
 c. Gathered to make war.
 d. Raised their voices to heaven.
 12
- Phinehas and the princes reminded the two and a half tribes about the wrath that fell upon all the congregation for this man's sins.
 a. Moses
 b. Caleb
 c. Achan
 d. Joseph
 20
- The two and a half tribes explained they built it
 a. As a decoy.
 b. As a witness.
 c. To sacrifice upon.
 d. As a fort.
 26-27
- When the priest and princes heard this reasoning, they
 a. Rent their clothes.
 b. Had them stoned.
 c. Were pleased.
 d. Fell before them.
 30

JOSHUA 23

- Joshua called for all of Israel and told them he was
 - Sick.
 - Old. **2**
 - Frightened.
 - Tired.
- Who did Joshua say fought for Israel?
 - Himself
 - Moses
 - Aaron
 - God **3**
- What did Joshua say God would do to the remaining nations?
 - Drive them out **4-5**
 - Bless them
 - Confound them
 - Forget them
- Joshua warned them not to join those nations and
 - Make a treaty.
 - Evangelize them.
 - Serve their gods. **7**
 - Make war against their kings.
- No man had been able to do this.
 - Worship God
 - Marry or be given in marriage
 - Stand before Israel **9**
 - Call upon the Lord
- How many men would one of the Israelite men chase?
 - 10
 - 100
 - 500
 - 1,000 **10**
- If they mingled with those remaining nations, God would no longer
 - Be exalted.
 - Love them.
 - Drive nations from before them. **13**
 - Be the apple of their eye.
- If they mingled with those nations, the remaining nations would become
 - God's chosen people.
 - Thorns in their eyes. **12-13**
 - Godly.
 - Desolate.
- Joshua told the people, he would do this that day.
 - Die **14**
 - Bless them
 - Go to battle
 - Return to Egypt
- When they turned from God and served other gods they would
 - Be blessed. **16**
 - Repent.
 - Perish.
 - Long for Egypt.

JOSHUA 24

- The people were reminded how God led this man.
 - Abraham **3**
 - Noah
 - Job
 - David
- The people were reminded how these two men were sent to Egypt.
 - Abraham & Isaac
 - Joshua & Caleb
 - Cain & Abel
 - Moses & Aaron **5**
- The Egyptians chased them with horses and chariots to this sea.
 - Red
 - Dead
 - Galilee
 - Tiberius **6**
- God covered the Egyptians with this.
 - Blood
 - Love
 - The sea **7**
 - Guilt
- Fear the Lord and serve Him in
 - Haste.
 - The holy of holies.
 - The tabernacle.
 - Sincerity & truth. **14**
- Joshua told the people, choose you this day whom you will serve, but as for me and my house
 - We are not responsible for you.
 - We shall be held guiltless. **15**
 - We shall serve the Lord.
 - Let us be.
- If you forsake the Lord and serve other gods, He will
 - Cause you to repent.
 - Consume you. **20**
 - Bless you.
 - Not be moved.
- Joshua set this under an oak as a witness of the people's commitment to God.
 - A sharp 2 edged sword
 - A great stone **26**
 - An altar
 - A burnt offering
- How old was Joshua when he died?
 - 90
 - 100
 - 110 **29**
 - 120
- The children of Israel buried the bones of this man, they had carried out of Egypt, in Shechem.
 - Aaron
 - Moses
 - Abraham
 - Joseph **32**

JUDGES 1

- After the death of this man, the children of Israel asked the Lord, who should go against the Canaanites first.
 - Moses
 - Joshua 1
 - Joseph
 - Caleb
- Who did the Lord say should go up first?
 - Judah 2
 - Asher
 - Levi
 - Zebulun
- Before he went up against them, he asked this brother to go with him.
 - Reuben
 - Dan
 - Simeon 3
 - Gad
- Adonibezek fled, and they caught him, and cut this off.
 - His hair
 - His thumbs & great toes 6
 - His head
 - His right arm & right ear
- This man said he would give his daughter, to him that smote Kirjathsepher.
 - Joshua
 - Caleb 12
 - Simeon
 - Asher
- After Achsah's father gave her a field, what did she ask for?
 - Cattle
 - A house
 - Springs 15
 - Raiment
- Judah drove out the inhabitants of the mountains, but was not able to drive out the inhabitants of the valley, because they had
 - Angels on their side.
 - The courage of lions.
 - Chariots of iron. 19
 - 2 score hundred men.
- The children of Israel gave Hebron to this man.
 - Caleb 20
 - Hur
 - Joshua
 - Eleazar
- The children of Benjamin did not drive out the Jebusites that inhabited this place.
 - Jerusalem 21
 - Egypt
 - Nazareth
 - Bethlehem
- A man and his family were spared, because he showed the spies
 - The plans of the city. 24-25
 - The entrance of the city.
 - The king's hiding place.
 - Where the weapons were kept.

JUDGES 2

- Who brought the word of the Lord to the people?
 - An angel 1
 - Caleb
 - Eleazar
 - Ichabod
- The children of Israel disobeyed God, by not
 - Giving to the poor.
 - Pitying widows & orphans.
 - Offering sacrifices. 2
 - Destroying heathen & their altars.
- The word of God said, those nations not destroyed, would become
 - Their slaves.
 - Their children. 3
 - Thorns in their sides.
 - As worms in their meal.
- When the children of Israel heard this, they all lifted up their voices and
 - Rejoiced.
 - Sang.
 - Prayed.
 - Wept. 4
- How old was Joshua when he died?
 - 80
 - 90
 - 100
 - 110 8
- The children of Israel did evil in the sight of the Lord, and worshipped
 - Diana.
 - Athena.
 - Dagon.
 - Baalim. 11
- The Lord's anger was kindled, and He sold them into the hands of
 - The sea.
 - The deep.
 - Their enemies. 14
 - Poverty & want.
- The Lord raised these up, to deliver the children of Israel.
 - Soothsayers
 - Magicians
 - Kings
 - Judges 16
- When these leaders died, the children of Israel
 - Mourned.
 - Feared.
 - Returned to sin. 19
 - Fled from the land.
- God did not drive out the remaining nations, but used them
 - As an example.
 - As pawns.
 - To prove Israel. 21-22
 - To His glory.

JUDGES 3

- The children of Israel disobeyed God by doing this, with other nations.
 - Making war
 - Buying & selling
 - Marrying
 - Lending them money

6
- The children of Israel forgot the Lord, and served
 - Baalim.
 - Dagon.
 - Athena.
 - Diana.

7
- The children of Israel served as slaves to Chushanrishathaim, king of Mesopotamia for
 - 7 years.
 - 8 years.
 - 13 years.
 - 20 years.

8
- The Lord raised this man up to deliver the children of Israel.
 - Othniel
 - Rehoboam
 - Jasmine
 - Nathan

9
- When the children of Israel sinned again, and were serving Eglon, the Lord raised up Ehud who was
 - Left-handed.
 - Crippled.
 - German.
 - A giant.

15
- What did Ehud make?
 - A promise
 - A dagger
 - A golden calf
 - A chariot

16
- Ehud brought a present to Eglon, who was very
 - Wise.
 - Fat.
 - Tall.
 - Cunning.

17
- Ehud told Eglon, he had this, for him.
 - A proposition
 - A maiden
 - A question
 - A message from God

20
- After Ehud slew Eglon, he
 - Called for help.
 - Locked the doors.
 - Pretended he was also dead.
 - Hid the body in the sand.

23
- God raised up this man, who slew six hundred men with an ox goad.
 - Samson
 - Eli
 - Shamgar
 - Barabbas

31

JUDGES 4

- The children of Israel again did evil in the sight of the Lord, and were serving under this king of Canaan.
 - Nebuchadnezzar
 - Bildad
 - Darius
 - Jabin

2
- This prophetess was judge at that time.
 - Rahab
 - Deborah
 - Lydia
 - Jezebel

4
- She was dwelling under this tree.
 - Oak
 - Sycamore
 - Palm
 - Willow

5
- She called for this man to go against the king of Canaan.
 - Archibald
 - Barak
 - Simon
 - Jethro

6-7
- He said, he would not go, unless
 - She went with him.
 - He saw a sign from heaven.
 - All of Israel went with him.
 - The priest blessed him.

8
- How many men went with him?
 - 2,000
 - 5,000
 - 10,000
 - 20,000

10
- How many chariots of iron did Sisera, the captain of the host of Canaan, have?
 - 20
 - 200
 - 700
 - 900

13
- Who took Sisera into her tent?
 - Jael
 - Rhoda
 - Dorcus
 - Tabitha

18
- What did she give him to drink?
 - Wine
 - Poison
 - Water
 - Milk

19
- What did she use to kill him?
 - A sword
 - A nail
 - Mushrooms
 - A scarlet cord

21

JUDGES 5

- Who sang the song?
 - The priests
 - The women
 - Deborah & Barak
 - Ezra & Nehemiah
- The Lord avenged Israel, when the people
 - Willingly offered themselves.
 - Hid themselves for fear.
 - Were covered in pride.
 - Apologized to Jael.
- These melted from before the Lord.
 - Chariots of iron
 - The stars in the sky
 - The mountains
 - Tears of man
- She arose a mother in Israel.
 - Eve
 - Rachel
 - Sarah
 - Deborah
- They chose new gods, then was there
 - Peace.
 - Blessings from above.
 - War at the gates.
 - A division in heaven.
- At the places of drawing of water, those who have been delivered shall tell of
 - Their bravery.
 - Deborah & Barak.
 - The Lord's righteous acts.
 - Abraham, Isaac & Jacob.
- She shall be blessed among women.
 - Mary
 - Elizabeth
 - Rachel
 - Jael
- When Sisera asked her for water, she gave him
 - Poison.
 - Vinegar.
 - Wine.
 - Milk.
- She killed him with a
 - Bow & arrow.
 - Hammer & nail.
 - Knife.
 - Sword.
- After this, the land of Israel had rest for
 - 8 years.
 - 10 years.
 - 40 years.
 - 60 years.

JUDGES 6

- Because the Midianites prevailed against them, the children of Israel lived here.
 - Caves
 - Trees
 - The desert
 - The tabernacle
- The Midianites did this to the children of Israel's crops.
 - Sold them
 - Bought them
 - Destroyed them
 - Fertilized them
- Gideon threshed wheat by this, to hide it from the Midianites.
 - Winepress
 - Altar
 - Chimney
 - Sea
- Who came to Gideon, as he was threshing the wheat?
 - Eli
 - Nathan
 - Samuel
 - An angel
- What happened when he touched the flesh and cakes with his staff?
 - The rock crumbled.
 - They vanished.
 - It multiplied.
 - Fire came from the rock.
- What did Gideon build there?
 - A barn
 - An altar
 - A statue
 - A wall
- What did Gideon and ten of his servants do during the night?
 - Planted a vineyard
 - Destroyed the altar of Baal
 - Attacked the Midianites
 - Spied out the Midianites camp
- When the men of the city found out what they had done, what did they want to do?
 - Kill Gideon
 - Make Gideon king
 - Thank Gideon
 - See the angel
- When Gideon wanted to make certain he was the one to save Israel, the first time the fleece was
 - Torn.
 - Dry.
 - Wet.
 - Gone.
- The second time, the fleece was
 - Torn.
 - Dry.
 - Wet.
 - Gone.

JUDGES 7

- When Gideon said, the people that were fearful should go back, how many left?
 - 1,000
 - 5,000
 - 18,000
 - 22,000
- How many people remained?
 - 1,000
 - 5,000
 - 10,000
 - 20,000
- God said, to send the people away who drank like this.
 - Bowed on their knees
 - Lapped like a dog
 - From a cup
 - From a canteen
- How many lapped water like a dog?
 - 1,000
 - 300
 - 3,000
 - 10,000
- Gideon went down to the Midianite camp with this man.
 - Eli
 - Gehazi
 - Phurah
 - Ophrah
- Gideon heard a man tell of a dream, in which this, tumbled into the camp.
 - A boulder
 - A whitened stone
 - A cake of barley bread
 - An apple with a worm
- A fellow interpreted the dream, as God delivering the Midianites camp into whose hand?
 - Gideon
 - David
 - Sisera
 - Ali
- Everyone of Gideon's men carried a
 - Sword & shield.
 - Pitcher, trumpet & lamp.
 - Bible.
 - Bow, arrows & spear.
- What did Gideon's men cry?
 - Hosanna in the highest
 - Blessed assurance
 - Mighty is our God, we shall reign
 - The sword of the Lord & of Gideon
- As the host fled from Gideon, they did this with their swords.
 - Swung them at Gideon
 - Threw them down
 - Slew each other
 - Committed suicide

JUDGES 8

- When Gideon and his men came to Succoth, they were
 - Fearful.
 - Rejoicing.
 - Defeated.
 - Faint.
- What did Gideon ask for?
 - Soldiers to help them
 - Bread
 - Meat
 - Food, water & shelter
- What did they tell him?
 - No.
 - All we have is yours.
 - The Lord will provide.
 - If you bless us.
- Where did he then go and ask?
 - Capernaum
 - Athens
 - Palestine
 - Penuel
- What did they tell him?
 - No
 - All we have is yours.
 - The Lord will provide.
 - If you bless us.
- What did Gideon do to the men of Penuel?
 - Made them slaves
 - Set them free
 - Slew them
 - Put out their eyes
- What did Gideon do to Zebah and Zalmunna?
 - Made them slaves
 - Slew them
 - Put them in prison
 - Shaved their heads
- What did the men of Israel want Gideon to do?
 - Rule over them
 - Attack the Syrians
 - Pray to God on their behalf
 - Leave Israel's army
- What did Gideon ask each man for?
 - A garment
 - His sword
 - Earrings
 - An holy kiss
- Gideon made an ephod from the spoils, but it
 - Was stolen.
 - Became a snare to him.
 - Was destroyed by fire.
 - Was torn apart by dogs.

JUDGES 9

- Abimelech was given seventy pieces of this, with which he hired vain and light persons.
 - Gold
 - Silver
 - Brass
 - Raiment

4
- Abimelech killed seventy of them with one stone.
 - Kings
 - Sheep
 - His brethren
 - His enemies

5
- This person, the youngest, was not killed because he hid himself.
 - Benjamin
 - Joseph
 - Gilead
 - Jotham

5
- The men of this place made Abimelech king.
 - Cypress
 - Shechem
 - Ai
 - Succoth

6
- When this was told to Jotham, he stood in the top of Mount Gerizim, and cried aloud, and told them a parable about
 - Trees.
 - Birds.
 - An unjust judge.
 - A frightened child.

7-15
- Jotham said, if they dealt truly with Jerubbaal's house, they should rejoice, but if not, let
 - Them mourn for their children.
 - Them smell as dead men.
 - The buzzards eat at their barns.
 - Fire devour them.

19-20
- When an evil spirit came between the men of Shechem and Abimelech, the men of Shechem put their confidence in
 - God.
 - Gaal.
 - Jephthah.
 - Manahath.

23-26
- When Gaal saw Abimelech and his men coming down from the mountains, Zebul said, he was seeing
 - Cattle.
 - Shadows.
 - Clouds.
 - The sun.

36
- When Abimelech fought against Thebez, a woman cast this upon his head.
 - A water pot
 - The jawbone of an ox
 - A millstone
 - Blood of a goat

53
- When this happened, what did Abimelech instruct his Armour bearer to do?
 - Kill her
 - Turn back
 - Kill him
 - Call for a medic

54

JUDGES 10

- After Abimelech, this man arose.
 - Tola
 - Aria
 - Neriah
 - Jethro

1
- He judged Israel for
 - 2 years.
 - 17 years.
 - 23 years.
 - 37 years.

2
- After him rose
 - Jair
 - Ananias
 - Timaeus
 - Achaz

3
- He judged
 - 10 years.
 - 17 years.
 - 22 years.
 - 31 years.

3
- He had this many sons.
 - 10
 - 20
 - 30
 - 40

4
- The Children of Israel did evil in the sight of the Lord by
 - Oppressing the poor.
 - Stealing tithes & offerings.
 - Worshipping false gods.
 - Becoming proud & lazy.

6
- When the Lord's anger was kindled, He sold them into the hand of the
 - Egyptians.
 - Midianites.
 - Philistines & Ammonites.
 - Zhers & Amorites.

7
- What did God say, when the children of Israel cried to Him?
 - Bless you My children.
 - Cry to the gods you have chosen.
 - My ears are closed & My hand shortened.
 - Be still & see the hand of the Lord.

14
- What did the children of Israel do?
 - Many killed themselves
 - Asked the strange gods for deliverance
 - Put away the strange gods
 - Cut themselves

16
- What did the people and princes of Gilead ask one another?
 - Who needs God?
 - Who would fight against Ammon?
 - How to escape such a judgment?
 - If they should return to Egypt?

18

JUDGES 11

- Jephthah was the son of
 - A prince.
 - A harlot.
 - Nehemiah.
 - Ezra.
- After Jephthah was rejected from his father's house, these people made war with the children of Israel.
 - Ammonites
 - Egyptians
 - Midianites
 - Jebusites
- When the elders asked Jephthah to fight for them, he asked, if the Lord deliver them before me will you
 - Make me your leader?
 - Give me gold?
 - Accept my children?
 - Apologize for my ill treatment?
- The kings of these places would not allow Israel to pass through.
 - Edom & Moab
 - Jericho & Ai
 - Sodom & Gomorrah
 - Ai & Moab
- Jephthah vowed that if the Lord gave him the battle, he would offer this up when he returned.
 - A kid
 - All his sheep
 - What came forth from his house
 - Whatever the priests asked for
- Who came out to meet Jephthah?
 - A servant girl
 - His wife
 - His daughter
 - His dog
- When Jephthah saw her, what did he do?
 - Rejoiced
 - Went back on his word
 - Rent his clothes
 - Went before the judges
- What did she say?
 - I must hide myself.
 - Let this thing be done.
 - God will not allow you to do this.
 - I shall never forgive you.
- How long did she go to the mountains for?
 - 2 weeks
 - 2 months
 - 2 days
 - 2 years
- When she returned, Jephthah
 - Was gone.
 - Changed his mind.
 - Did as he vowed.
 - Was dead.

JUDGES 12

- The men of this place gathered themselves together before Jephthah.
 - Ephraim
 - Succoth
 - Judah
 - Penuel
- They wanted to know why they were not called
 - To the Passover feast.
 - To fight Ammon.
 - Brethren.
 - Sanctified.
- They threatened to do this.
 - Burn his house upon him
 - Remove his name from the book of judges
 - Defame the name of his daughter
 - Try him for treason
- Jephthah said, when his people were at strife with the people of Ammon, he called on them, but
 - They did not hear him.
 - God shut their ears.
 - God shut his mouth.
 - They did not deliver him.
- The men of Gilead smote
 - Ephraim.
 - Asher.
 - Dan.
 - Judah.
- How many of them fell at that time?
 - 20,000
 - 42,000
 - 18,000
 - 51,000
- How long did Jephthah judge?
 - 2 years
 - 6 years
 - 14 years
 - 31 years
- He reigned after Jephthah for seven years.
 - Ibzan
 - Cush
 - Hamuel
 - Atad
- Abdon had this many sons that rode on colts.
 - 10
 - 20
 - 40
 - 60
- Abdon had this many nephews that rode on colts.
 - 10
 - 30
 - 50
 - 60

JUDGES 13

- The children of Israel did evil in the sight of the Lord, and He delivered them in the hand of the
 - Ammonites.
 - Amorites.
 - Philistines. 1
 - Midianites.
- An angel appeared to this man's wife, and said she would bear a son.
 - Zephaniah
 - Manoah 2-3
 - Libni
 - Necho
- The angel told her, this should not touch the child's head.
 - The rain
 - Human hands
 - A razor 5
 - Water
- The angel said the child would be
 - Blind.
 - A Nazarite. 5
 - A priest.
 - A prophet.
- When she told her husband about this, he prayed for
 - Her sanity.
 - Twins.
 - The man of God to come back. 8
 - Wisdom & understanding.
- The second time the angel appeared, the woman
 - Was afraid.
 - Was not home. 9-10
 - Got her husband.
 - Worshipped him.
- The angel said his name was
 - Michael.
 - Gabriel.
 - Lucifer.
 - Secret. 18
- What did Manoah offer to the Lord?
 - A roe
 - A kid 19
 - An ox
 - A calf
- What happened to the angel?
 - He flew off like a dove.
 - He ascended in the flame. 20
 - He walked away.
 - He stretched to heaven like a rainbow.
- What did they call the child?
 - Samson 24
 - David
 - Solomon
 - Timnah

JUDGES 14

- Samson asked his parents, to get him a woman, who was a daughter of
 - The Amorites.
 - The Gadites.
 - The Philistines. 2
 - Levi.
- His parents asked, if he could not take a wife from the children of
 - Midian?
 - Egypt?
 - His brethren? 3
 - Ammon?
- Samson killed this with his bare hands.
 - A lion 5,6
 - A tiger
 - A bear
 - An alligator
- What did Samson later take from the carcass?
 - The skin
 - The jawbone
 - Honey 8,9
 - A tooth
- How many sheets and garments did Samson say he would give to his companions, if they could answer his riddle?
 - 5
 - 20
 - 30 12
 - 37
- How many sheets and garments were they to give Samson if they could not answer the riddle?
 - 5
 - 20
 - 30 13
 - 37
- What did they tell Samson's wife they would do, if she did not tell them the answer?
 - Burn her & her father's house
 - Kill Samson & all his family 15
 - Sell her into slavery
 - Tell her family's secret
- What did she do when she knew the answer?
 - Said she did not know
 - Hid it within her heart
 - Left town
 - Told it 17
- Where did Samson get the change of garment to give to those who knew the answer?
 - From his father
 - They were his own
 - He killed 30 men 19
 - From his wife's father
- When Samson went up to his father's house, what happened to his wife?
 - She was sold into slavery.
 - She was stoned.
 - She was given to his friend. 20
 - She followed afar off.

JUDGES 15

- What did the father of Samson's wife try to give him, in place of her?
 - Land
 - Gold
 - Silver
 - Her sister
- Samson caught three hundred of these
 - Foxes
 - Lions
 - Dogs
 - Cats
- He put this in their tails, and put them in the Philistines fields.
 - Honey
 - Ants
 - Fire
 - Blood
- What did the Philistines do to Samson's wife and her father?
 - Put them out of the camp
 - Stoned them
 - Burned them
 - Put them in prison
- How many men from Judah went after Samson in the top of the rock Etam?
 - 1,000
 - 2,000
 - 3,000
 - 4,000
- What did these men promise Samson they would not do?
 - Give him to the Philistines
 - Kill him
 - Remove him from the synagogue
 - Tell his father of these things
- When Samson broke the bands, what did he use for a weapon?
 - A sword
 - A jawbone
 - A stick
 - A whip
- How many men did he kill with it?
 - 100
 - 200
 - 500
 - 1,000
- What did God give Samson water from?
 - A rock
 - A cloud
 - A fountain in the desert
 - The jaw
- How long did Samson judge Israel in the days of the Philistines?
 - 5 years
 - 10 years
 - 20 years
 - 25 years

JUDGES 16

- When Samson was in the house of a harlot at Gaza, he left at midnight, carrying this on his shoulders.
 - 3 guards
 - The city gate & posts
 - The harlot
 - 7 sacks of meal & 2 bottles of oil
- Samson fell in love with this woman.
 - Deborah
 - Dorcus
 - Leah
 - Delilah
- The Philistines wanted the woman to find this out.
 - The location of Israel's camp
 - Secrets of Israel's army
 - The source of Samson's strength
 - The Palace plans
- Samson said this would happen if his head were shaved.
 - He would die.
 - He would become weak.
 - He would go mad.
 - He would be embarrassed.
- Who shaved Samson's hair?
 - Delilah
 - Leah
 - A man
 - Deborah
- What did the Philistines do to Samson before they put him in the prison house?
 - Searched him
 - Put his eyes out
 - Tarred & feathered him
 - Cover him with swine's blood
- What happened to Samson when he was in prison?
 - His hair began to grow.
 - He began to see.
 - He went deaf.
 - He communed with God.
- The Philistines gathered to worship this god.
 - Baal
 - Dagon
 - Athena
 - Jehovah
- Samson prayed for strength, so that he may be avenged of the Philistines for
 - His eyes.
 - His wife.
 - His pride.
 - His people.
- What happened after Samson prayed, and bowed himself on the pillars?
 - The house fell.
 - A light filled the house.
 - He heard the voice of God.
 - The people sang.

JUDGES 17

- Where was Micah from?
 - Mt. Ephraim
 - Mt. Olive
 - Mt. Ararat
 - Mt. Sinai
- What had Micah taken?
 - 1100 shekels of silver
 - 2200 shekels of silver
 - 1100 shekels of gold
 - 2200 shekels of gold
- Who did he take it from?
 - His mother
 - His grandmother
 - His sister
 - His aunt
- When he returned it to her, what did she do with a portion of it?
 - Gave it to Micah
 - Bought Micah raiment
 - Had a molten image made
 - Gave it to the poor
- How much did she use to do that?
 - 20 shekels of silver
 - 200 shekels of silver
 - 20 shekels of gold
 - 200 shekels of gold
- Micah consecrated one of his sons to become
 - King.
 - Prince.
 - His priest.
 - A vagabond.
- In those days, there was not one of these in Israel.
 - Sinner
 - Soldier
 - King
 - Righteous man
- Everyone did that which was right
 - And just.
 - In God's eyes.
 - And true.
 - In his own eyes.
- Micah asked a Levite to
 - Bless him.
 - Curse his enemies.
 - Be his priest.
 - Kill his mother.
- He offered him clothes, food and this every year.
 - 10 shekels of silver
 - 20 shekels of silver
 - 10 shekels of gold
 - A new car

JUDGES 18

- This tribe sought for an inheritance, for they had not yet received theirs.
 - Dan
 - Benjamin
 - Asher
 - Judah
- How many men did they send to spy out the land?
 - 2
 - 5
 - 7
 - 14
- When they were by Micah's house, the Levite told them Micah had hired him as
 - His butler.
 - His cook
 - His gardener.
 - His priest.
- The spies wanted the Levite to inquire of God if
 - They would have children?
 - Their way be prosperous?
 - They should appoint a king?
 - They would take long?
- After the men reported back, how many men went out with weapons?
 - 100
 - 300
 - 600
 - 800
- When the armed men came to Micah's house, they asked the priest
 - If they would prosper.
 - To bless them.
 - To curse their enemy.
 - To go with them.
- What did Micah do?
 - Killed himself
 - Chased them
 - Killed the priest
 - Warned the city about them
- Micah said, they had taken away his priest and
 - His wife.
 - His children.
 - His money.
 - His gods.
- Micah went back to his house when
 - The priest blessed him.
 - The priest returned.
 - He saw they were too strong for him.
 - He heard the voice of the Lord.
- The men went on, and smote this city.
 - Laish
 - Bethsaida
 - Uz
 - Succoth

JUDGES 19

- The Levite's concubine was at her father's house for
 - 4 days.
 - 4 weeks.
 - 4 months. **2**
 - 4 years.
- When he went to get her, who asked him to stay?
 - His concubine
 - His father-in-law **4**
 - His mother-in-law
 - His servant
- On what day did they leave?
 - The 3rd day
 - The 4th day
 - The 5th day **8-10**
 - The 6th day
- Where did the servant want to lodge the night?
 - Jericho
 - Damascus
 - Jebus **11**
 - Bethany
- Where did they lodge?
 - Gibeah **15**
 - Athens
 - Mars Hill
 - Babylon
- Where was the old man that took them in from?
 - Mt. Ephraim **16**
 - Mt. Olivet
 - Mt. Horeb
 - Mt. Sinai
- What did the men of the city ask the old man for?
 - Money
 - Food
 - The concubine **22**
 - The man
- What did the old man offer the men?
 - His gold & raiment
 - Meat & wine
 - His servant
 - His daughters & the concubine **24**
- What did the Levite give them?
 - Himself
 - His servant
 - His beasts **25**
 - His concubine
- What did the Levite do with the concubine's body?
 - Buried it
 - Burned it
 - Sold it
 - Cut it into pieces **29**

JUDGES 20

- How many soldiers presented themselves in the assembly of the children of Israel?
 - 1,000
 - 20,000
 - 100,000
 - 400,000 **2**
- Gibeah belonged to this tribe.
 - Benjamin **4**
 - Levi
 - Dan
 - Judah
- What did the Levite do with the pieces of his concubine?
 - Buried them
 - Burned them
 - Offered them as a sacrifice to God
 - Sent them throughout Israel **6**
- Among those fighting against the children of Israel, were seven hundred left handed men that were skilled at this.
 - Musicians
 - Swordsmen
 - Climbing
 - Slinging stones **16**
- When the children of Israel inquired of God which tribe should go first, He answered
 - Judah. **18**
 - Levi.
 - Simeon.
 - Asher.
- The first day, this many Israelites were killed.
 - 2,000
 - 12,000
 - 20,000
 - 22,000 **21**
- The second day, this many Israelites were killed.
 - 800
 - 1,000
 - 1,800
 - 18,000 **25**
- This man asked the Lord, if they should continue to battle.
 - Joshua
 - Manasseh
 - Phinehas **28**
 - Romeo
- On the third day, when Benjamin went out against the children of Israel, those Israelites that were lying in wait
 - Were smitten.
 - Fled.
 - Smote the city. **37**
 - Blew the trumpets.
- When the Benjamites saw this, they fled.
 - Thunder & lightning from heaven
 - The face of God
 - Gibeah in flames **40-42**
 - An angel

JUDGES 21

- The men of Israel swore not to allow their daughters to marry men from this tribe.
 a. Benjamin 1
 b. Levi
 c. Judah
 d. Simeon
- Where did they make that oath?
 a. Jebus
 b. Jerusalem
 c. Gibeah 1
 d. Mizpeh
- The people rose early and built this.
 a. A wall
 b. A tower
 c. An altar 4
 d. A new city
- The people repented saying, one tribe is
 a. Cut off.
 b. Alone in battle.
 c. Alone holy.
 d. The favored of God. 6
- The congregation sent this many valiant men to destroy the inhabitants of Jabeshgilead.
 a. 100
 b. 600
 c. 1,200
 d. 12,000 10
- How many young women did they save alive?
 a. 40
 b. 100
 c. 140
 d. 400 12
- Who did the children of Israel give them to?
 a. The Levites
 b. The Gadites
 c. The priests
 d. The Benjamites 14
- The children of Israel told the Benjamites to lie in wait here, at the feast in Shiloh.
 a. Caves
 b. Meadows
 c. The river
 d. Vineyards 20
- They were catching wives of the women who came out
 a. To fetch water.
 b. Gathering flowers.
 c. Dancing. 21
 d. At night.
- There was no king in Israel in those days, and every man did what was right
 a. Before the people.
 b. Before the Lord.
 c. According to the law.
 d. In his own eyes. 25

Judges 1

- B V.1
- A V.2
- C V.3
- B V.6
- B V.12
- C V.15
- C V.19
- A V.20
- A V.21
- B V.24,25

Judges 2

- A V.1
- D V.2
- C V.3
- D V.4
- D V.8
- D V.11
- C V.14
- D V.16
- C V.19
- C V.21,22

Judges 3

- C V.6
- A V.7
- B V.8
- A V.9
- A V.15
- B V.16
- B V.17
- D V.20
- B V.23
- C V.31

Judges 4

- D V.2
- B V.4
- C V.5
- B V.6,7
- A V.8
- C V.10
- D V.13
- A V.18
- D V.19
- B V.21

Judges 5

- C V.1
- A V.2
- C V.5
- D V.7
- C V.8
- C V.11
- D V.24
- D V.25
- B V.26
- C V.31

Judges 6

- A V.2
- C V.4
- A V.11
- D V.11,12
- D V.21
- B V.24
- B V.25-27
- A V.29,30
- C V.36-38
- B V.40

Judges 7

- D V.3
- C V.3
- A V.5-7
- B V.6
- C V.10,11
- C V.34
- A V.14
- B V.16
- D V.20
- C V.22

Judges 8

- D V.5
- B V.5
- A V.6
- D V.8
- A V.8
- C V.17
- B V.21
- A V.22
- C V.24
- B V.27

Judges 9

- B V.4
- C V.5
- D V.5
- B V.6
- A V.7-15
- D V.19,20
- B V.23-26
- B V.36
- C V.53
- C V.54

Judges 10

- A V.1
- C V.2
- A V.3
- C V.3
- C V.4
- C V.6
- C V.7
- B V.14
- C V.16
- B V.18

Judges 11

- B V.1
- A V.4
- A V.9
- A V.17
- C V.30,31
- C V.34
- C V.35
- B V.37
- B V.38
- C V.39

Judges 12

- A V.1
- B V.1
- A V.1
- D V.2
- A V.4
- B V.6
- B V.7
- A V.8,9
- C V.14
- B V.14

Round Five

Chapters 14 – 20

- 1) Where did Samson's wife come from?
- 2) What ethnic group did she come from?
- 3) What was the riddle Samson set his bridal companions.
- 4) How many men did Samson kill to satisfy the bargain over explaining the riddle?
- 5) How did Samson destroy the Philistines grain, vineyards and olive roves?
- 6) How many men of Judah went to hand Samson over to the Philistines?
- 7) How many Philistines did Samson kill with the jawbone of a donkey at Lehi?
- 8) Where did Samson spend the night with a prostitute?
- 9) How many braids of Samson's hair did Delilah shave off?
- 10) After gouging out his eyes, what did the Philistines do to Samson?
- 11) What was the name of the Philistines god?
- 12) At his death, how long had Samson led Israel?
- 13) How much silver did Micah steal from his mother?
- 14) What did the Danites rename Laish?
- 15) How long did the Levite stay in Bethlehem?
- 16) Where did he stay the next night?
- 17) Into how many pieces did he cut up his concubine?
- 18) How many Israelites died over this affair?
- 19) How many girls were taken to Shiloh for the men of Benjamin?
- 20) Without a king what did the people do?

More Study Questions:

<https://www.biblestudylessons.com/classbooks/history/judges-questions.pdf>

<https://www.biblestudylessons.com/classbooks/history/joshua-questions.pdf>

JUDGES 7

1. **Where did Gideon and all his men camp?** (v. 1)
 - A. In the Valley of Jezreel.
 - B. Near the hill of Moreh.
 - C. Beside the spring of Harod.
 - D. Under the oak in Ophrah.
 - E. Near the great tree in Zaanannim.
2. **Where was the camp of Midian?** (v. 1)
 - A. South of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley.
 - B. North of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley.
 - C. East of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley.
 - D. West of them by the hill of Moreh, in the valley.
 - E. North of them on the hill of Moreh.
3. **What did the Lord tell Gideon about the men he had assembled?** (v. 2)
 - A. You do not have enough men for me to deliver Midian into their hands.
 - B. You have just the right number of men for me to deliver Midian into their hands.
 - C. You have assembled men who have sin on their heads. Consecrate these men by offering sacrifices before going into battle.
 - D. You have too many people for me to give the Midianites into their hand.
 - E. You must wait until men from the tribe of Levi answer your call.
4. **What did the Lord want Gideon to proclaim to the people?** (v. 3)
 - A. Whoever is fearful and trembling, let him return home and hurry away from Mount Gilead.
 - B. Anyone who must tend to their fields may turn back and leave Mount Gilead.
 - C. Anyone who has just been married may turn back and leave Mount Gilead.
 - D. Anyone who has young children may turn back and leave Mount Gilead.
 - E. Anyone who worships the Lord God of Israel may turn back and leave Mount Gilead.
5. **Why did the Lord want Gideon to have a smaller army?** (v. 2)
 - A. So they would be more effective in an ambush.
 - B. So Israel could not boast that their own hand had saved them.
 - C. So they would be quieter when they moved through the countryside.
 - D. So they would be harder to see when they approached the army of Midian.
 - E. C and D above.
6. **How many men left the army of Gideon at this point?** (v. 3)
 - A. Ten thousand.
 - B. Fifteen thousand.
 - C. Eighteen thousand.
 - D. Twenty thousand.
 - E. Twenty-two thousand.
7. **How many men remained with the army of Gideon at this time?** (v. 3)
 - A. Ten thousand.
 - B. Fifteen thousand.
 - C. Eighteen thousand.
 - D. Twenty thousand.
 - E. Twenty-two thousand.
8. **What did the Lord say to Gideon after these men left?** (v. 4)
 - A. With these men who are left I will save Israel.
 - B. Curse the men who left because they did not help the Lord against the mighty.
 - C. The people are still too many.
 - D. Give each of these men a trumpet to blow in battle.
 - E. Each man must have a sword and a shield in order to do battle for the Lord.
9. **Where did Gideon take the men who remained?** (v. 5)
 - A. To the River Kishon.
 - B. To the Jordan River.
 - C. To the Jabbok River.
 - D. To the Tigris River.
 - E. To the water.
10. **What did the Lord tell Gideon to do when the men got a drink?** (v. 5)
 - A. Separate those who sift the water before they drink from the ones who do not sift the water.
 - B. Separate those who laps the water with their tongue like a dog from those who kneel down to drink.
 - C. Separate those who use a cup from the ones who do not use a cup.
 - D. Separate those who give water to another man before getting water for themselves from the men who drink first.
 - E. Separate those who get in the water from the ones who do not get into the water.
11. **The Lord said to Gideon, "With the three hundred men who _____ I will save you."** (v. 7)
 - A. Sifted the water.
 - B. Used a cup.
 - C. Gave water to another man.
 - D. Lapped.
 - E. Went into the water to drink.
12. **What did Gideon do with the men who were not chosen to participate in the battle?** (v. 8)
 - A. Kept them in the camp, just in case.
 - B. Sent them to their own tents.
 - C. Sent them on their way – each with a trumpet and provisions.
 - D. Kept them in camp to cook for those who fought.
 - E. Sent them to Shiloh to offer sacrifices to God at the tent of meeting.
13. **"The Midianites, Amalekites, and all the people of the East lay along the valley, thick as _____."** (v. 12)
 - A. Bees
 - B. Grasshoppers
 - C. Grass
 - D. Gnats
 - E. Locusts
14. **"Their _____ were without number, as the sand that is on the seashore in abundance."** (v. 12)
 - A. Soldiers
 - B. Sheep
 - C. Camels
 - D. Tents
 - E. Chariots
15. **What did the Lord want Gideon to do if he was afraid to attack?** (v. 10-11)
 - A. Go down to the camp with his servant, and hear what they were saying.
 - B. Remember Joshua, and be strong and courageous.
 - C. Remember the signs that the Lord had given to Gideon.
 - D. Appoint a different elder of Israel to lead the attack.
 - E. Pray all night, and the Lord would comfort him.
16. **Who was Purah?** (v. 10)
 - A. Gideon's father.
 - B. Gideon's brother.
 - C. Gideon's top commander.
 - D. Gideon's servant.
 - E. Gideon's wife.

17. **When Gideon went down to the outposts of the enemy camp, what did he hear a man telling his comrade? (v. 13)**
 A. A prophecy.
 B. A dream.
 C. A story about his family.
 D. The Midianite plans for the coming battle.
 E. How the God of Israel had been successful against other Canaanites.
18. **Which of the following did Gideon overhear? (v. 13-14)**
 A. A cake of barley bread came tumbling into the camp of Midian.
 B. It struck the tent with such force that the tent turned upside down and lay flat.
 C. This is the sword of Gideon, son of Joash, a man of Israel.
 D. God has given into his hand Midian and all the camp.
 E. All of the above.
19. **What did Gideon do after overhearing the dream and its interpretation? (v. 15)**
 A. Charged the camp himself.
 B. Stayed in his hiding place to hear more from the Midianite soldiers.
 C. He worshiped.
 D. Wept with joy.
 E. Believe the Lord God of Israel, and it was credited to him as righteousness.
20. **What did Gideon say to the Israelite men when he returned to the camp? (v. 15)**
 A. Arise, for the Lord has given the host of Midian into your hand.
 B. Praise God! The Lord has already defeated the Midianites for you!
 C. Be strong and very courageous. The battle will be long, but you will prevail.
 D. Get up mighty warriors! You will be able to defeat the Midianites.
 E. Send messengers to call back the men sent home. We will need them for the battle.
21. **Into how many companies did Gideon divide the army of Israel? (v. 16)**
 A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five E. Six
22. **What did each soldier of Gideon's army carry? (v. 16)**
 A. A trumpet.
 B. Empty jars.
 C. Torches.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
23. **What did Gideon tell his men to do in the battle? (v. 17)**
 A. Look at me.
 B. Do as I do.
 C. When I get to the top of the hill, yell.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
24. **What did Gideon tell the men to shout when he and all who were with him blew their trumpets? (v. 18)**
 A. For the nations of Israel.
 B. For our fields and our lands.
 C. For the Lord and for Gideon.
 D. For the ark of the covenant at Shiloh.
 E. None of the above. They were just to shout in a loud voice.
25. **When did Gideon and his men reach the edge of the Midianite camp? (v. 19)**
 A. At sunrise, just after they had changed the guard.
 B. At the beginning of the middle watch, when they had just set the watch.
 C. At the beginning of the first watch, right before they were to change the guard.
 D. At the beginning of the third watch, just after they had changed the guard.
 E. At midnight, in the middle of the second watch.
26. **What did Gideon and his men do with the trumpets and the jars? (v. 19)**
 A. Used the trumpets to break the jars.
 B. Pounded their trumpets against the jars.
 C. Put the jars on the end of the trumpets to mute the sound.
 D. Blew their trumpets and smashed the jars.
 E. Put the jars on the ends of the trumpets; then used the trumpets to fling the jars into the enemy camp.
27. **What did the men in the Israelite army hold in their left hand? (v. 20)**
 A. Torches B. Trumpets C. Jars D. Sword E. Shield
28. **What did the men in the Israelite army hold in their right hand? (v. 20)**
 A. Torches B. Trumpets C. Jars D. Sword E. Shield
29. **What did the Israelite army shout? (v. 20)**
 A. A trumpet for the Lord and for Gideon!
 B. A torch for the Lord and for Gideon!
 C. A shield for the Lord and for Gideon!
 D. A shout for the Lord and for Gideon!
 E. A sword for the Lord and for Gideon!
30. **What happened while each man of the Israelite army stood in his place around the camp? (v. 21)**
 A. All the Midianites attacked them from every direction.
 B. All the Midianites fled into their tents in the camp trying to hide.
 C. All the Midianites ran, crying out as they fled.
 D. All the Midianites bowed down in surrender to the army of Israel.
 E. All the Midianites cried out to Baal to save them from the God of Israel.
31. **What happened when the three hundred blew their trumpets? (v. 21)**
 A. The men throughout the camp turned on each other with their swords.
 B. The Lord set every man's sword against his comrade and against all the army.
 C. The Lord caused the men throughout the camp to turn to each other in fear.
 D. The men throughout the camp trampled their tents.
 E. The Lord caused the men throughout the camp to surrender to Israel.
32. **Where did the Midianite army flee? (v. 22)**
 A. To the spring of Harod.
 B. To the top of Mount Moreh.
 C. To the top of Mount Tabor.
 D. As far as the border of Abel-meholah by Tabbath.
 E. As far as the border of Beth Shittah, north of Zererah.
33. **Men of Israel from which tribes were called out to pursue the Midianites? (v. 23)**
 A. Naphtali, Asher, and all Manasseh.
 B. Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh.
 C. Issachar and Ephraim.
 D. Levi, Zebulun, and Naphtali.
 E. Benjamin, Simeon, and Judah.

34. **What message did Gideon send out throughout the hill country of Ephraim?** (v. 24)
 A. Capture the waters of the spring of Harod.
 B. Capture the waters of the Jordan behind them back to Beth Shittah.
 C. Captured the waters as far as Beth-barah, and also the Jordan.
 D. Capture the waters of the Jordan ahead of them as far as the Sea of Kinnereth.
 E. Capture the waters of the Jabbok River ahead of them as far as Adam.
35. **Which Midianite princes did the men of Ephraim capture?** (v. 25)
 A. Oreb.
 B. Zeeb.
 C. Zebah.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
36. **What did the men of Ephraim do to the Midianite princes that they captured?** (v. 25)
 A. Brought them to Gideon.
 B. Killed them and brought their heads to Gideon.
 C. Beat them and let them go.
 D. Hung them from a tree and left their bodies for the birds.
 E. Drowned them in the Jordan River.
37. **Where was Gideon at the end of chapter 7?** (v. 25)
 A. In the Israelite camp at the spring of Harod.
 B. In the Midianite camp in the Valley of Jezreel.
 C. At the top of Mount Gilead, watching the battle.
 D. At the top of Mount Gilboa, holding out his javelin.
 E. Across the Jordan River.
38. **Where was Zeeb killed?** (v. 25)
 A. At the rock of Oreb.
 B. In the Jordan River.
 C. In the Valley of Jezreel.
 D. At the winepress of Zeeb.
 E. At the spring of Harod.

JUDGES 8

1. **What did the Ephraimites ask Gideon?** (v. 1)
 A. Why have you treated the Midianites like this?
 B. Why didn't you call us when you went to fight Midian?
 C. Why did you send us home, only to ask us later to fight Midian?
 D. Why did you drive the Midianites into our lands?
 E. Why did you blow the trumpets so loudly?
2. **What did the Ephraimites do to Gideon?** (v. 1)
 A. Praised him as a leader and judge over Israel.
 B. Betrayed his location to the Midianite leaders.
 C. Accused him fiercely.
 D. Refused to provide food and water for him.
 E. Dressed him in an expensive robe and named him "King".
3. **What was Gideon's response to the Ephraimites?** (v. 2)
 A. What have I done now in comparison with you?
 B. Aren't the gleanings of Abiezer's grapes better than the full grape harvest of Ephraim?
 C. God gave Oreb and Zeeb, the Jebusite leaders, into your hands.
 D. I was able to do a lot compared to you!
 E. All of the above.
4. **In what condition did Gideon and his three hundred men cross the Jordan?** (v. 4)
 A. Full of strength and overtaking the Midianites.
 B. Wounded and faint of heart.
 C. Discouraged and falling further behind the Midianites.
 D. Exhausted, yet pursuing.
 E. Miraculously strong, with the Spirit of the Lord coming upon them all.
5. **Who were Gideon and his men still pursuing?** (v. 5)
 A. Oreb and Zeeb.
 B. Zebah and Zalmunna.
 C. Nobah and Jogbehah.
 D. Gaal and Ebed.
 E. A and B above.
6. **For what did Gideon ask the men of Succoth?** (v. 5)
 A. Loaves of bread
 B. Tents for his troops to rest in.
 C. Swords and shields for his troops to battle Midian.
 D. Some of their flocks of sheep to offer sacrifices to the Lord.
 E. A and B above.
7. **How did the officials of Succoth respond to Gideon's request?** (v. 6)
 A. We see Zebah and Zalmunna already in your possession. You can go home now – you do not need anything from us.
 B. Here is plenty of bread and water! Your men may have all they want!
 C. Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna already in your hand, that we should give bread to your army?
 D. We have enough bread to give to you, Gideon, but not enough for your three hundred men.
 E. We have many swords and shields. You may take them with you into battle.

8. **Who said, "I will flail your flesh with the thorns of the wilderness and with briers."** (v. 7)
 A. Zebah.
 B. Zalmunna.
 C. Joash.
 D. Gideon.
 E. The leader of Succoth.
9. **Who refused to help Gideon and his three hundred men when he asked for bread?** (v.8)
 A. Tribe of Ephraim.
 B. King of Ammon.
 C. Micah, from Ephraim.
 D. Heber, the Kenite.
 E. Men of Penuel.
10. **What did Gideon say to the men of Peniel?** (v. 9)
 A. When I return in triumph, I will tear down this city wall.
 B. When I come again in peace, I will break down this tower.
 C. When I return in triumph, I will tear your flesh with desert thorns and briers.
 D. When I return in triumph, I will tear down your city and enslave your women and children.
 E. When I return in triumph, you may share in our plunder.
11. **Where were Zebah and Zalmunna?** (v. 10)
 A. Succoth B. Peniel C. Nobah D. Karkor E. Beth Shittah
12. **How large was the army with Zebah and Zalmunna?** (v.10)
 A. About fifteen thousand men.
 B. About twenty thousand men.
 C. About twenty-two thousand men.
 D. About twenty-five thousand men.
 E. About thirty thousand men.
13. **How many men who drew the sword of the people of the East had fallen?** (v. 10)
 A. A hundred thousand.
 B. A hundred and ten thousand.
 C. A hundred and twenty thousand.
 D. A hundred and thirty thousand.
 E. Fifty thousand.
14. **How did Gideon and his three hundred men approach the army of the people of the East?** (v. 11)
 A. By the way of the nomads west of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 B. By the way of the tent dwellers east of Nobah and Jogbehah
 C. By the way of the nomads north of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 D. By the way of the nomads south of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 E. By the Pass of Heres.
15. **What did Gideon and his three hundred men do when they reached the army of the people of the East?** (v. 12)
 A. Captured Zebah.
 B. Captured Zalmunna.
 C. Threw all the army into a panic.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
16. **How did Gideon return from the battle?** (v. 13)
 A. By the route of the nomads west of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 B. But the route of the nomads east of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 C. By the route of the nomads south of Nobah and Jogbehah.
 D. South of the Pass of Heres.
 E. By the ascent of Heres.
17. **What did Gideon obtain from the young man of Succoth?** (v. 14)
 A. Bread and water.
 B. A tent in which to rest.
 C. The names of the officials and elders of Succoth, seventy-seven men.
 D. The names of the seventy-seven priests of Succoth.
 E. The secret way into the city of Succoth.
18. **What did Gideon do to the elders of the city of Succoth?** (v. 16)
 A. Taught them a lesson by punishing them with thorns of the wilderness and briers.
 B. Taught them a lesson by burning the city.
 C. Taught them a lesson by exiling them from Succoth.
 D. Taught them a lesson by tearing down their tower.
 E. Taught them a lesson by requiring them to pay high taxes.
19. **What did Gideon do when he returned to Penuel?** (v. 17)
 A. Broke down the tower of Penuel.
 B. Punished the men of the town with desert thorns and briers.
 C. Killed the men of the city.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
20. **How did Zebah and Zalmunna respond when Gideon asked, "Where are the men whom you killed at Tabor?"** (v. 18)
 A. As you are each one with the earring of a prince.
 B. As you are, each one with the palace of a prince.
 C. As you are, each one with the servants of a prince.
 D. As you are, so were they. Every one of them resembled the son of a king.
 E. A and D above.
21. **Who had Zebah and Zalmunna killed?** (v. 19)
 A. The priests of Tabor.
 B. Gideon's brothers, the sons of his own mother.
 C. Gideon's cousins, the sons of his own uncle.
 D. The government officials of Tabor.
 E. Descendants of Caleb.
22. **Who was Jether?** (v. 20)
 A. Gideon's youngest son.
 B. Gideon's only nephew.
 C. Gideon's oldest son.
 D. Zebah's servant.
 E. Zalmunna's servant.
23. **What did Gideon want Jether to do?** (v. 20)
 A. Kill the men of Succoth.
 B. Kill the men of Peniel.
 C. Kill the men of Karkor.
 D. Kill Zebah and Zalmunna.
 E. A and B above.

24. **Why did Jether not do this?** (v. 20)
 A. He was still a young man and was afraid.
 B. He had no sword.
 C. He was not strong enough.
 D. He was hard of hearing, and did not listen to Gideon.
 E. A and C above.
25. **What did Zebah and Zaimunna say when Jether did not kill them?** (v. 21)
 A. Rise yourself and fall upon us.
 B. As the man is, so is his strength.
 C. Are you afraid to do it yourself?
 D. All the above.
 E. A and B above.
26. **What did Gideon do besides killing Zebah and Zaimunna?** (v. 21)
 A. Hung their bodies from a tree.
 B. Threw their bodies into the Jordan River.
 C. Took the ornaments off their necks.
 D. Took the crescent ornaments off their camels' necks.
 E. Buried their bodies with all their ornaments under a great tree.
27. **What did the men of Israel want Gideon to do after he conquered the Midianites?** (v. 22)
 A. Rule over them.
 B. Share the plunder from the armies of Midian and the eastern peoples.
 C. Read to them the book of the law of Moses.
 D. Offer sacrifices to the Lord God of Israel.
 E. Tear down all the altars to Baal in the entire region.
28. **Which of the following did Gideon say when he responded to the Israelite request?** (v. 23)
 A. I will rule over you.
 B. My son will rule over you.
 C. The Lord will rule over you.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
29. **What did Gideon ask of the men of Israel?** (v. 24)
 A. A necklace from each man's earrings from his spoil.
 B. An earring from each man's earrings from his spoil.
 C. A bracelet from each man's earrings from his spoil.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
30. **Whose custom was it to wear golden earrings?** (v. 24)
 A. Midianites B. Canaanites C. Amalekites D. Ishmaelites E. Jebusites
31. **What was the weight of the golden earrings Gideon requested?** (v. 26)
 A. Seven hundred shekels.
 B. Seventy shekels.
 C. Seven thousand shekels.
 D. Seventeen shekels.
 E. Seventeen hundred shekels.
32. **What else did Gideon have as spoil from the battle?** (v. 26)
 A. Crescent ornaments.
 B. Pendants.
 C. Purple garments worn by the kings of Midian.
 D. Collars that were on the necks of the camels that belonged to the kings of Midian.
 E. All of the above.
33. **What did Gideon do with the gold he was given?** (v. 27)
 A. Made it into a golden calf.
 B. Made it into an ephod.
 C. Made it into an altar.
 D. Made it into a golden candlestick.
 E. Made it into a crown for his head.
34. **Where did Gideon put this object that he made with the gold?** (v. 27)
 A. In the tent of meeting in Shiloh.
 B. Where his father's idol of Baal had stood before Gideon destroyed it.
 C. In Ophrah, his hometown.
 D. On his head.
 E. In his home, by the door.
35. **What did all Israel do in response to this object?** (v. 27)
 A. Whored after it there.
 B. Burned it.
 C. Stole it.
 D. Moved it from place to place so all of Israel could worship it.
 E. Ignored it.
36. **What did this object become to Gideon and his family?** (v. 27)
 A. A source of strength.
 B. A source of wealth.
 C. A source of power.
 D. A snare.
 E. A memorial to Gideon's defeat of the Midianites.
37. **How long did the land of Israel enjoy rest during the life of Gideon?** (v. 28)
 A. Twenty years B. Forty years C. Sixty years D. Fifty years E. Ten years
38. **How many sons did Gideon (Jerubbaal) have?** (v. 30)
 A. Twelve B. Twenty C. Twenty-two D. Fifty E. Seventy
39. **Where did Gideon's concubine live?** (v. 31)
 A. Ophrah B. Shiloh C. Shechem D. Peniel E. Jezreel
40. **What was the name of the son of Gideon by his concubine?** (v. 31)
 A. Abimelech B. Jether C. Joash D. Jotham E. Gaal
41. **Where was Gideon buried?** (v. 32)
 A. In the tomb of Heber and Jael, the Kenites.
 B. In the tomb of Caleb and Othniel.
 C. In the tomb of Ehud and Shamgar.
 D. In the tomb of Joash his father, at Ophrah of the Abiezrites.
 E. In the tomb of his father, Jotham, in Ophrah of the Abiezrites.

42. **What did the Israelites do right after Gideon died?** (v. 33)
A. Mourned and wept for forty days.
B. Whored after the Baals
C. Made Baal-berith their god.
D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
43. **Who or what, according to the words of the text, did the people of Israel not remember after Gideon died?** (v. 34)
A. Baal-Berith, who prospered their fields.
 B. The Lord their God, who had delivered them from the hand of all their enemies on every side
C. The ephod of Gideon.
D. The book of the law of Moses.
E. Zebah, Zalmunna, Oreb, and Zeeb.
44. **"They did not _____ to the family of Jerubbaal (that is, Gideon) in return for all the good that he had done to Israel."** (v. 35)
A. Pay tribute.
B. Bow down.
 C. Show steadfast love.
D. Give animals (sheep or goats).
E. All of the above.

JUDGES 9

1. **Who was Abimelech?** (v. 1)
 A. Son of Jerubbaal.
B. Son of Jether.
C. Son of Jotham.
D. Son of Zebul.
E. Son of Gaal.
2. **Whom did Abimelech send to Shechem to speak on his behalf?** (v. 1)
A. His mother.
B. His brothers.
 C. His mother's relatives.
D. His sisters.
E. A, B, and C above.
3. **What did Abimelech want the leaders of Shechem to remember?** (v. 2)
A. That Abimelech was a mighty warrior.
B. That Abimelech was a first-born son.
C. That Abimelech was the son of Gideon.
 D. That Abimelech was their bone and flesh.
E. That Abimelech was an able ruler and leader of Israel.
4. **Who were the leaders of Shechem inclined to follow?** (v. 3)
 A. Abimelech B. Jerub-Baal C. Jether D. Jotham E. Zebul
5. **Why were the leaders of Shechem inclined to follow him?** (v. 3)
A. Because he was a mighty warrior.
 B. Because he was their brother.
C. Because he was a first-born son.
D. Because he was the heir to Gideon.
E. Because he was an able ruler and leader of Israel.
6. **How much money did the leaders of Shechem give Abimelech?** (v. 4)
A. 20 pieces of silver.
B. 40 pieces of silver.
C. 50 pieces of silver.
D. 60 pieces of silver.
 E. 70 pieces of silver.
7. **Where did the leaders of Shechem obtain the silver?** (v. 4)
A. Out of a collection given by the citizens of Shechem.
B. It was stolen from the family of Jerub-Baal.
 C. Out of the house of Baal-berith.
D. Out of the city treasury.
E. It was stolen from travelers on the road.
8. **What did Abimelech do with the silver?** (v. 4)
A. Gave it to poor people in Shechem.
B. Gave it to his mother's brothers.
C. Purchased large flocks of sheep.
 D. Hired worthless and reckless fellows, who became his followers.
E. Bribed the priests of Baal-Berith to appoint him king.

9. **What did Abimelech do at his father's home in Ophrah?** (v. 5)
 A. Helped farm and tend the sheep.
 B. Worshipped the golden ephod his father had made.
 C. Killed his brothers on one stone.
 D. Drove his brothers away from their homes to become wanderers.
 E. Stole the golden ephod his father had made.
10. **How many brothers (sons of Jerubbaal) did Abimelech have?** (v. 5)
 A. 10 B. 70 C. 50 D. 12 E. 7
11. **Which brother escaped from Abimelech?** (v. 5)
 A. Jotham B. Jether C. Jonah D. Jacob E. Jerub
12. **What happened by the oak of the pillar at Shechem?** (v. 6)
 A. Abimelech gave the citizens of Shechem their silver back.
 B. Abimelech was granted all the wealth of Jerubbaal; no other descendant was to receive an inheritance.
 C. The leaders of Shechem defeated the citizens of Beth-millo in battle.
 D. The leaders of Shechem and all Beth-millo appointed him as their military commander.
 E. The leaders of Shechem and all Beth-millo made Abimelech king.
13. **What mountain did Jotham stand on?** (v. 7)
 A. Mount Sinai.
 B. Mount Tabor.
 C. Mount Ebal.
 D. Mount Gerizim.
 E. Mount Gilboa.
14. **What did Jotham do on top of the mountain?** (v. 7)
 A. Wept bitterly.
 B. Worshipped the Lord God of Israel.
 C. Cried out to the leaders of Shechem.
 D. Hid from Abimelech.
 E. Died from his wounds.
15. **According to Jotham, why should the leaders of Shechem listen to him?** (v. 7)
 A. So that God may listen to them.
 B. Because he was the legitimate son of Jerub-Baal.
 C. Because he was a prophet of God.
 D. So that they would know how to drive Abimelech and his reckless adventurers from their town.
 E. So that they could learn the commandments of the Lord God of Israel.
16. **In Jotham's story of the trees that went out to anoint a king, which plant did they approach?** (v. 10-14)
 A. An olive tree.
 B. A fig tree.
 C. A vine.
 D. The bramble.
 E. All the above.
17. **What did the fig tree say?** (v. 11)
 A. Shall I give up my oil, by which both gods and men are honored, to hold sway over the trees?
 B. Shall I leave my sweetness and my good fruit and go hold sway over the trees?
 C. Shall I give up my wine, which cheers both gods and men, to hold sway over the trees?
 D. If you really want to anoint me king over you, come and take refuge in my shade.
 E. All of the above.
18. **Which plant said, "... let fire come out of the bramble and devour the cedars of Lebanon."** (v. 15)
 A. An olive tree.
 B. A fig tree.
 C. The bramble.
 D. A vine.
 E. A palm tree.
19. **Under what conditions did Jotham say, "Rejoice in Abimelech, and let him also rejoice in you"?** (v. 16-19)
 A. If you acted in good faith and integrity when you made Abimelech king.
 B. If you have dealt well with Jerubbaal and his house and have done to him as his deeds deserved.
 C. If you then have acted in good faith and integrity with Jerubbaal and with his house.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
20. **What did Jotham say that his father had done for the leaders of Shechem?** (v. 17)
 A. Fought for them.
 B. Risked his life to deliver them from Midian.
 C. Made a gold ephod for them.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
21. **What did Jotham say that the leaders of Shechem had done to his father?** (v. 18)
 A. Taken vengeance against his father's family.
 B. Killed his 70 sons on one stone.
 C. Made Abimelech, son of his slave girl, military commander over the citizens of Shechem.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
22. **What was Jotham's curse, in the event that the leaders of Shechem had not acted honorably towards Jerubbaal and his family?** (v. 20)
 A. Let fire come out from Abimelech and devour the leaders of Shechem and Beth-millo
 B. Let fire come out from Abimelech and consume the citizens of Beth Millo.
 C. Let fire come out from the leaders of Shechem and from Beth-millo and devour Abimelech.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
23. **Where did Jotham flee?** (v. 21)
 A. To Orpah.
 B. To Mount Ebal.
 C. To Beer.
 D. To Mount Zalmon.
 E. To Thebez.
24. **Why did Jotham flee?** (v. 21)
 A. Because of his brother Abimelech.
 B. Because of his cousin Abimelech.
 C. Because of his uncle Abimelech.
 D. Because of his nephew Abimelech.
 E. He was afraid of the leaders of Shechem.
25. **After Abimelech had governed Israel three years, why did the leaders of Shechem deal treacherously against him?** (v. 23)
 A. God sent a famine in the land which the leaders blamed on Abimelech.
 B. God sent an evil spirit between Abimelech and the leaders of Shechem.
 C. God caused Jotham, the son of Jerubbaal, to turn the leaders of Shechem away from Abimelech.
 D. God sent a plague upon the citizens of Shechem, and laughed at their king.
 E. God blessed Abimelech with great wealth, which the leaders of Shechem resented.

26. **Why did God do this? (v. 24)**
 A. In order that Jerubbaal's remaining son, Jotham, might be declared king in Abimelech's place.
 B. In order that Abimelech might have an excuse to slaughter the citizens of Shechem, who were evil.
 C. In order that the leaders of Shechem might unite and kill Abimelech, who murdered his brothers.
 D. Because of the violence done to the seventy sons of Jerubbaal.
 E. The Bible does not say why God did this.
27. **What did the leaders of Shechem do in opposition to Abimelech? (v. 25)**
 A. Refused to pay taxes to him as their king.
 B. Brought in Jotham as their king.
 C. Put men on the mountaintops to ambush and rob all who passed by.
 D. Stole Abimelech's idols and placed them in Ophrah.
 E. A and C above.
28. **What happened when Gaal, son of Ebed, moved into Shechem with his relatives? (v. 26)**
 A. Shechem's leaders ignored him.
 B. Shechem's leaders robbed him of all of his possessions.
 C. Shechem's leaders presented the daughters of the city to him from which he chose a wife.
 D. Shechem's leaders proclaimed him as their new king.
 E. Shechem's leaders put their confidence in him.
29. **When was Abimelech reviled by the leaders of Shechem? (v. 27)**
 A. During a festival in the house of their god after they had gathered grapes and trod them.
 B. During a festival in the house of their god after they had harvested the wheat in the fields.
 C. During a festival in the house of their god after they had sheared the flocks.
 D. During a festival in the house of their god when they sacrificed the firstborn of all their flocks.
 E. During a festival in honor of the Lord God of Israel who delivered them out of slavery in Egypt.
30. **What did Gaal, son of Ebed, ask at this feast? (v. 28)**
 A. Who is Abimelech that we should sacrifice animals to him?
 B. Isn't he Jerub-Baal's brother, and isn't Zebul his son?
 C. Serve the men of Hamor the father of Shechem; but why should we serve Abimelech?
 D. If only this people were under my power! Then I would exile him from the city.
 E. I would say to Abimelech, "Leave this city in peace, and you may live."
31. **Who was Zebul? (v. 30)**
 A. Brother of Abimelech.
 B. Son of Abimelech.
 C. Son of Jotham.
 D. The ruler of the City (of Shechem).
 E. Brother of Gaal.
32. **What did Zebul do? (v. 30-31)**
 A. Became angry and exiled Abimelech from Shechem.
 B. Became angry and sent messengers to Abimelech secretly.
 C. Became angry and sent messengers to Jotham secretly.
 D. Became angry and killed Jotham, son of Jerubbaal.
 E. Became angry and burned the city of Shechem.
33. **What advice did Zebul give Abimelech? (v. 33)**
 A. During the night, Abimelech and his men should come and lie in wait in the fields.
 B. In the morning at sun up, rise early and rush the city.
 C. When Gaal and his men come out against him, Abimelech should do whatever his hand finds to do.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
34. **What did Abimelech do? (v. 34)**
 A. Ignored the advice of Zebul.
 B. Rose up with all his troops by day and took up positions in the fields in three companies.
 C. Rose up by night and set an ambush against Shechem in four companies.
 D. Rose up with all his troops by night and took up concealed positions near Orphah in two companies.
 E. Rose up with all his troops by day and took up positions surrounding Shechem in six companies.
35. **When did Gaal stand at the entrance to the city gate? (v. 35)**
 A. Just as Abimelech and the people rose from the ambush.
 B. Late in the evening, just as Abimelech and his soldiers were finding their hiding places.
 C. In the middle of the day, before Abimelech and his soldiers set out for Shechem.
 D. Before Abimelech and his soldiers found hiding places in the fields.
 E. All day long, anticipating an attack by Abimelech and his soldiers.
36. **What did Gaal say when he saw Abimelech and his people? (v. 36-37)**
 A. Look, people are coming down from the mountaintops!
 B. Look, people are coming down from the center of the land.
 C. One company is coming from the direction of the Diviners' Oak
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
37. **How did Zebul respond to Gaal's words? (v. 36-38)**
 A. You mistake the shadows of the mountains for men.
 B. Where is your mouth now, you who said, 'Who is Abimelech, that we should serve him?'
 C. Aren't these the people whom you despised?
 D. Go out now and fight with them!
 E. All of the above.
38. **What happened when Gaal led the head of the leaders of Shechem who fought Abimelech? (v. 39-41)**
 A. Abimelech laughed at him.
 B. Many fell wounded up to the entrance to the gate.
 C. They defeated Abimelech, who was exiled from Shechem.
 D. The citizens of Shechem were afraid, and surrendered to Abimelech.
 E. Many fell wounded in the fight between Abimelech and Gaal's brothers.
39. **Where did Abimelech live? (v. 41)**
 A. In Shechem.
 B. In Orphah.
 C. In Arumah.
 D. On Mount Gerizim.
 E. In the temple of El-Berith.
40. **What did Zebul do to Gaal and his brothers? (v. 41)**
 A. Killed them with the sword.
 B. Gave them silver and told them to hire reckless adventurers.
 C. Beat them and left them to die outside of the city walls.
 D. Drove them out of Shechem.
 E. Hung them from a tree.
41. **What happened the next day when the people of Shechem went out to the fields? (v. 42-44)**
 A. Abimelech set an ambush in the fields.
 B. When Abimelech saw the people coming out of the city, he rose against them and killed them.
 C. Abimelech and the companies with him rushed forward and stood at entrance to the city gate.
 D. Two companies rushed upon all who were in the field and killed them.
 E. All of the above.

42. **What was the outcome of the battle between Abimelech and the people of Shechem?** (v. 45)
 A. Abimelech fought all day until he captured the city and killed the people in it.
 B. Abimelech fought all day, but was unable to penetrate the city, which was shut up tight.
 C. Abimelech fought all day, but a woman dropped a millstone on his head and he died.
 D. Abimelech fought all day until he had captured the city and enslaved its people.
 E. Abimelech fought all day until all of his soldiers had been killed by the people of Shechem.
43. **What did Abimelech sow all over the city of Shechem?** (v. 45)
 A. Wheat B. Salt C. Ashes D. Water E. Blood
44. **Where did the leaders in the Tower of Shechem go?** (v. 46)
 A. To the top of Mount Gerizim.
 B. On the rooftops to hide under the flax.
 C. Out the city gates to surrender to Abimelech.
 D. The stronghold of the house of El-berith.
 E. To Orphah, home of Jerub-Baal.
45. **Where did Abimelech gather a bundle of brushwood by cutting them with an axe?** (v. 48)
 A. Mount Tabor.
 B. Mount Gerizim.
 C. Mount Zalmon.
 D. Mount Ebal.
 E. Mount Horeb.
46. **What did Abimelech and his men do with the branches they gathered?** (v. 49)
 A. Made a bonfire in the middle of the destroyed city to keep warm.
 B. Put them against the stronghold and set it on fire.
 C. Put them on an altar, and made a sacrifice to El-Berith.
 D. Put them on an altar, and made a sacrifice to the Lord God of Israel.
 E. Hid under them in the fields, waiting for more people to flee the city.
47. **How many people in the Tower of Shechem died?** (v. 49)
 A. About a hundred.
 B. About five hundred.
 C. About eight hundred.
 D. About twenty.
 E. About a thousand.
48. **What city did Abimelech capture after Shechem was destroyed?** (v. 50)
 A. Thebez
 B. Orphah
 C. Peniel
 D. Succoth
 E. Beth Barah
49. **Where did the people of this city flee?** (v. 51)
 A. To the hills.
 B. To the banks of the Jordan River.
 C. Into the strong tower within the city – up on the roof.
 D. To Mount Gerizim.
 E. To Orphah.
50. **What happened to Abimelech when he came to the tower to set it on fire?** (v. 52)
 A. His clothes caught on fire, and he was burned.
 B. He tripped on his own sword and died.
 C. He was trampled by the people who rushed from the tower.
 D. He was struck on the head by an upper millstone that was thrown by a woman.
 E. He was ambushed by Jotham, who killed him.
51. **Why did Abimelech want his armor-bearer to draw his sword and kill him?** (v. 54)
 A. To shorten his pain and end his suffering.
 B. So no one could say that a woman killed Abimelech.
 C. Because Abimelech did not want to live any longer – he had destroyed the city over which he was king.
 D. So no one could say that he was killed by a citizen of Shechem.
 E. So no one could say that he died by illness.
52. **What did the men of Israel do when they saw that Abimelech was dead?** (v. 55)
 A. They went home.
 B. They went to Mount Gerizim and consecrated themselves to the Lord.
 C. They went to Orphah and cared for the gold ephod of Jerub-Baal.
 D. They went to Beer, found Jotham, and anointed him king.
 E. They went to the tent of meeting at Shiloh.
53. **Who returned the evil that Abimelech had done to his father?** (v. 56)
 A. Jotham
 B. Gaal
 C. Zebul
 D. A woman on top of a tower.
 E. God.
54. **Who made the men of Shechem pay for all their evil?** (v. 57)
 A. Jotham
 B. Jerub-Baal
 C. Zebul
 D. God
 E. Gaal

JUDGES 10

1. **After the time of Abimelech, who arose to save Israel? (v. 1)**
 - A. Issachar
 - B. Jotha
 - C. Puah
 - D. Dodo
 - E. Shamgar
2. **Where did this leader live? (v. 1)**
 - A. Shamir
 - B. Shechem
 - C. Shiloh
 - D. Mizpah
 - E. Gilead
3. **For how long did this leader judge (or lead) Israel? (v. 2)**
 - A. Ten years.
 - B. Thirteen years.
 - C. Twenty years.
 - D. Twenty-three years.
 - E. Thirty years.
4. **How long did Jair of Gilead judge Israel? (v. 3)**
 - A. Twenty years.
 - B. Twenty-two years.
 - C. Twenty-three years.
 - D. Twenty-five years.
 - E. Thirty years.
5. **What does the Bible say about Jair? (v. 4)**
 - A. He had thirty sons.
 - B. His sons rode thirty horses.
 - C. His sons controlled thirty towns in Gilead called Jerub-Jair.
 - D. He was buried in Orphah.
 - E. All of the above.
6. **When the Israelites again did evil in the eyes of the Lord, which gods did they serve? (v. 6)**
 - A. The Baals and the Ashtoreths.
 - B. The gods of Syria and Sidon.
 - C. The gods of Moab, the Ammonites, and the Philistines.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
7. **What did the Lord do when the Israelites forsook Him and did not serve Him? (v. 6-7)**
 - A. He became angry with them.
 - B. He sold them into the hands of the Sidonians.
 - C. He sold them into the hands of the Ammonites.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and C above.
8. **For eighteen years, who oppressed the people of Israel who were beyond the Jordan? (v. 7-8)**
 - A. Philistines and Amorites.
 - B. Philistines and Jebusites.
 - C. Philistines and Ammonites.
 - D. Philistines and Hivites.
 - E. Hittites and Moabites.
9. **Against whom did the Ammonites cross the Jordan to fight? (v. 9)**
 - A. Judah, Benjamin, and the house of Ephraim.
 - B. Reuben, Gad, and the half-tribe of Manasseh.
 - C. Benjamin and the house of Manasseh.
 - D. Issachar and Dan.
 - E. Zebulun and Naphtali.
10. **What did the people of Israel say when they cried out to the Lord? (v. 10)**
 - A. Hear our cry, O Lord, for we are in great distress.
 - B. We have sinned against you, because we have forsaken our God and have served the Baals.
 - C. Oh Lord, you have abandoned us and put us in the hands of the Philistines.
 - D. Remember us, O Lord, and remember your promise to us!
 - E. Let us die now, O Lord, so that we may not suffer any more at the hands of the Ammonites.
11. **Which of the following was NOT included when the Lord listed the nations from which He had saved Israel? (v. 11-12)**
 - A. Egyptians and Amorites.
 - B. Ammonites and Philistines.
 - C. Amorites and Moabites.
 - D. Sidonians and Amalekites.
 - E. Maonites.
12. **When the Lord told Israel that He would no longer save them, what did He tell them to do instead? (v. 14)**
 - A. Curse God and die.
 - B. Go and appoint a leader, who would lead them out of misery.
 - C. Go and destroy the gods among them.
 - D. Go and cry out to the gods whom they had chosen.
 - E. B and C above.
13. **What did the Israelites do after the Lord told them He would no longer save them? (v. 15-16)**
 - A. They said, "We have sinned."
 - B. They said, "Do with us whatever seems good to you."
 - C. They put away the foreign gods among them.
 - D. They served the Lord.
 - E. All of the above.
14. **"And He (God) became impatient of the _____ of Israel." (v. 16)**
 - A. Complaining.
 - B. Faithlessness.
 - C. Misery.
 - D. Disgrace.
 - E. Prayers.
15. **When the Ammonites were called to arms, where did they camp? (v. 17)**
 - A. Gilead
 - B. Mizpah
 - C. Shechem
 - D. Kadesh
 - E. Jabbok River

16. **Where did the people of Israel assemble and camp? (v. 17)**
A. Gilead
 B. Mizpah
C. Shechem
D. Kadesh
E. Jabbok River
17. **What did the people, the leaders of Gilead say one to another? (v. 18)**
A. Whoever will launch the attack against the Ammonites will be the richest of all those living in Gilead.
B. Whoever will launch the attack against the Ammonites will be the wisest of all those living in Gilead.
C. Whoever will launch the attack against the Ammonites will be the strongest of all those living in Gilead.
D. Whoever will launch the attack against the Ammonites will be the most powerful of all those living in Gilead.
 E. Who is the man who will begin to fight against the Ammonites? He shall be head over all the inhabitants of Gilead.

JUDGES 11

1. **How is Jephthah the Gileadite described? (v. 1)**
 A. A mighty warrior.
B. A righteous priest.
C. An evil outcast.
D. A shepherd of many flocks.
E. A priest of Baal.
2. **Who was Jephthah's father? (v. 1)**
A. Gideon
 B. Gaal
C. Gilead
D. Barak
E. Jair
3. **Who was Jephthah's mother? (v. 1)**
A. Deborah
B. Jael
C. Delilah
 D. A prostitute
E. Orpah
4. **Who drove Jephthah away? (v. 2)**
A. His father.
 B. Sons of Gilead's wife.
C. Gilead's wife.
D. The priest of Gilead.
E. Jotham.
5. **Why did they drive Jephthah away? (v. 2)**
A. So Jephthah would not be able to join in decisions made by the clan.
B. So Jephthah would not have the family inheritance since he was the firstborn son.
 C. So Jephthah would not have an inheritance in their father's house because he was the son of another woman.
D. So Jephthah would not marry any of the daughters of the clan.
E. Because Jephthah was possessed by an evil spirit.
6. **Where did Jephthah settle? (v. 3)**
 A. In the land of Tob.
B. In the city of Shechem.
C. At the spring of Harod.
D. In Shiloh.
E. In Jabesh Gilead.
7. **Who collected around Jephthah and went out with him? (v. 3)**
A. A group of prostitutes.
B. Three Levite priests.
C. Soldiers from Gilead.
D. Heber the Kenite and his family.
 E. Worthless fellows.

8. **Why did the elders of Gilead go to bring Jephthah from the land of Tob?** (v. 5&6)
- A. To ridicule him for running from his brothers.
 - B. To ask him to be their leader that they may fight against the Ammonites
 - C. To ask him to be their priest.
 - D. To ask him to invoke a curse on the Ammonites.
 - E. To force him to be their slave and use his skill in fighting.
9. **What was Jephthah's response to their request?** (v. 7)
- A. Did you not hate me and drive me out of my father's house?
 - B. Why have you come to me now when you are in distress?
 - C. Who am I to fight the Ammonites?
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
10. **What did the elders of Gilead tell Jephthah he would be if he fought with them against the Ammonites?** (v. 8)
- A. Brave and courageous.
 - B. Wealthy.
 - C. Head over all the inhabitants of Gilead.
 - D. Father of many sons.
 - E. Husband of the daughter of the king of Gilead.
11. **Which of the following is an accurate quote of Jephthah?** (v. 9)
- A. If you bring me home again to fight against the Ammonites, and the Lord gives them over to me...
 - B. If you bring me home again to fight against the Ammonites, and I conquer them completely...
 - C. If you bring me home again to fight against the Ammonites, and I am defeated...
 - D. If you bring me home again to fight against the Ammonites, and I cause them to flee elsewhere...
 - E. If you bring me home again to fight against the Ammonites, and I enslave them...
12. **The elders of Gilead said, "_____."** (v. 10)
- A. Baal will be our witness between us, if we do not do as you say.
 - B. We will be witnesses between us, if we do not do as you say.
 - C. Your worthless fellows will be witnesses between us, if we do not do as you say.
 - D. The Lord will be witness between us, if we do not do as you say.
 - E. The sun will be witness between us, if we do not do as you say.
13. **When Jephthah went with the elders of Gilead, the people made him _____.** (v. 11)
- A. Leader.
 - B. Head.
 - C. Priest.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
14. **What did Jephthah do before the Lord at Mizpah?** (v. 11)
- A. Read the book of the law of Moses.
 - B. Spoke all his words.
 - C. Offered a burnt offering to the Lord.
 - D. Worshiped the Lord.
 - E. All of the above.
15. **What did Jephthah say in his message to the Ammonite king?** (v. 12)
- A. Why do you not fear us? Do you not know that the Lord fights for us?
 - B. Why do you join with the Philistines in war against Israel?
 - C. What do you have against us, that you have come to me to fight against my land?
 - D. Sign a treaty of peace with us, so that we all might live together in the land.
 - E. We will spare your lives if you pay us tribute.
16. **What did the Ammonite king tell Jephthah's messengers that Israel had done?** (v. 13)
- A. Took away his land from the Arnon to the Jabbok and to the Jordan.
 - B. Killed many of his people, and taken others to do forced labor.
 - C. Stolen all the food and livestock from his people.
 - D. Stolen the gods of his cities so that they could no longer worship.
 - E. Taken his son captive.
17. **Jephthah told the Ammonite king that Israel did not take _____.** (v. 15)
- A. The land of the Hivites.
 - B. The land of Moab.
 - C. The land of the Ammonites.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. B and C above.
18. **When Israel came up out of Egypt, where did they go through?** (v. 16)
- A. Through the wilderness to the Jordan River and came to Jerusalem.
 - B. Through the wilderness to the Jabbok River and came to the Euphrates.
 - C. Through the wilderness to the Tigris River and came to Bethel.
 - D. Through the wilderness to the Red Sea and came to Kadesh.
 - E. Through the wilderness to the Arnon River and came to Jabesh Gilead.
19. **Which kings refused to give permission for Israel to go through their countries?** (v. 17&19)
- A. Sihon king of the Amorites.
 - B. Kings of Edom and Moab.
 - C. Kings of Gilead and Mizpah.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
20. **What was the border for the territory of Moab?** (v. 18)
- A. The Jordan.
 - B. The Jabbok.
 - C. The Arnon.
 - D. The Yarmuk.
 - E. The Kishon.
21. **What did Sihon king of the Amorites, king of Heshbon, do when Israel requested passage through his land?** (v. 20)
- A. Granted them safe passage.
 - B. Mustered all his people and fought with Israel.
 - C. Met Israel on the border to his territory and gave them some land as an inheritance.
 - D. Fortified all his cities and shut them up tight.
 - E. Met Israel on the border and gave them food and provisions, but did not allow them to pass through the land.
22. **When the Lord, the God of Israel, gave Sihon and all his people into the hand of Israel, what territory did Israel possess?** (v. 22)
- A. All of the territory from the Arnon to the Jabbok, and from the wilderness to the Jordan.
 - B. All of the territory from the Tigris to the Jabbok, and from the wilderness to the Yarmuk.
 - C. All of the territory from the Arnon to the Jordan, and from the wilderness to the Kishon.
 - D. All of the territory from the Jordan to the Zered, and from the wilderness to Hebron.
 - E. All of the territory from the Euphrates to the Tigris, and from the wilderness to the Arnon.

23. Which of the following was NOT included in the message Jephthah sent to the Ammonite king? (v. 23-26)
- So then the Lord, the God of Israel, dispossessed the Amorites from before his people Israel; and are you to take possession of them?
 - Will you not possess what Chemosh your god gives you to possess?
 - All that the Lord our God had dispossessed before us, we will possess.
 - Are you better than Barak son of Abinoam, king of Moab? Did he ever contend against Israel, or go out to war with them?
 - while Isreal lived in Heshbon and its villages, and in Aroer and its villages, and in all the cities that are on the banks of the Arnon, 300 years, why did you not deliver them withen that time?
24. "_____ decide this day between the people of Israel and the people of Ammon." (v. 27)
- Your god Chemosh.
 - Your god Baal.
 - The Lord, the Judge.
 - Us.
 - Our people.
25. What was the response of the king of the Ammonites to Jephthah's message? (v. 28)
- He did not listen.
 - His heart melted with fear.
 - He laughed.
 - He surrendered to Jephthah.
 - He gathered his men and left the territory.
26. What was upon Jephthah? (v. 29)
- Great wisdom from the Lord.
 - The Spirit of the Lord.
 - The ability to prophesy.
 - The ability to heal.
 - A great depression.
27. From which location did Jephthah passed on to the Ammonites? (v. 29)
- Gilead.
 - Manasseh.
 - Mizpah of Gilead.
 - Jabbok River.
 - Land of Tob.
28. If the Lord gave the Ammonites into Jephthah's hands, what did Jephthah vow to do in response? (v. 31)
- He would offer up a burnt offering the finest of his sheep when he returned in victory.
 - He would offer up an offering all the plunder of the Ammonites when he returned in victory.
 - He would offer up an offering his firstborn child when he returned in victory.
 - He would offer up a burnt offering whatever came out of the door of his house to meet him when he returned in peace.
 - He would offer up a burnt offering all of the harvest from his crops when he returned in victory.
29. How many cites of the Ammonites did Jephthah struck down? (v. 33)
- Five
 - Ten
 - Twelve
 - Fifteen
 - Twenty
30. Where was Jephthah's home when he returned? (v. 34)
- Shiloh
 - Mizpah
 - Shechem
 - Orphah
 - Bethel
31. Who came out to meet Jephthah upon his return? (v. 34)
- His daughter.
 - His daughter-in-law.
 - His wife.
 - His mother.
 - His concubine.
32. What was this person doing? (v. 34)
- Singing and worshiping the Lord God of Israel.
 - Praying to the Lord God of Israel for the safety of Jephthah.
 - With tambourines and with dancing.
 - Tending sheep.
 - Threshing wheat.
33. How many children did Jephthah have? (v. 34)
- One
 - Two
 - Three
 - Four
 - Five
34. What was Jephthah's response when he was met by this member of his family? (v. 35)
- He tore his clothes.
 - He said, "You have brought me very low."
 - He said, "I have opened my mouth to the Lord, and I cannot take back my vow."
 - All of the above.
 - B and C above.
35. What did Jephthah's family member say to him upon hearing this news? (v. 36)
- The Lord would not want you to sacrifice your own flesh and blood!
 - You have opened your mouth to the Lord; do to me according to what has gone out of your mouth.
 - You have given your word to the Lord. But you can not be held accountable if I flee from your presence.
 - You may sacrifice my servant in my place!
 - A and D above.
36. What request did Jephthah agree to before he fulfilled his vow? (v. 37)
- Leave her alone one month to roam the hills and weep with her friends because she was going to die.
 - Leave her alone one year to roam the hills and try to find a husband.
 - Leave her alone two months, that she may go up and down on the mountains and weep for her virginity.
 - Leave her alone two years to roam the hills and try to find shelter from Jephthah.
 - Leave her alone two years so she could marry and have a child.

37. **What did she do after two months?** (v. 39)
- Hid from Jephthah.
 - Gathered a band of followers to fight Jephthah.
 - Ran to a city of refuge where Jephthah could not harm her.
 - Married an Ammonite.
 - Returned to Jephthah, who did with her according to his vow that he had made.
38. **What Israelite custom did this event bring?** (v. 40)
- Israelite men to sacrifice one of their daughters each time they won a victory over their enemies.
 - The daughters of Israel went year by year to lament the daughter of Jephthah the Gileadite four days in the year.
 - Each year the young men of Israel went out for four days to find a wife from the hills of Gilead.
 - Each year the Israelites held a fast to commemorate the daughter of Jephthah the Gileadite.
 - Each year the Israelites mourned and wept and tore their clothes for a day to commemorate the daughter of Jephthah the Gileadite.

JUDGES 12

1. **What did the men of Ephraim say to Jephthah when they were called to arms and crossed to Zaphon?** (v. 1)
- Why did you take from us the plunder we gained when we fought the Ammonites with you?
 - Why are you head and commander over all of Gilead? You will only lead Gilead into evil.
 - Why did you cross over to fight against the Ammonites and did not call us to go with you?
 - Come be our commander and head over all of Ephraim!
 - Why did you go to fight the Philistines without calling us to go with you?
2. **What did the men of Ephraim intend to do to Jephthah?** (v. 1)
- Make him their commander and head.
 - Steal from Jephthah.
 - Invoke a curse on Jephthah's head.
 - Burn Jephthah's house over him with fire.
 - Kill Jephthah with the sword and take his wife as a captive.
3. **What was Jephthah's response to the men of Ephraim?** (v. 1)
- I and my people were engaged in a great struggle with the Amorites.
 - When I called you, you didn't save me from their hands.
 - When I saw that you were going to help, I took my life in my hands and crossed over to fight the Ammonites with you.
 - The Lord gave us the victory over them.
 - All of the above.
4. **What did the Ephraimites say about the Gileadites?** (v. 4)
- They were fugitives of Ephraim, in the midst of Ephraim and Manasseh.
 - They were greatest in all of Ephraim and Manasseh.
 - They were leaders and judges for all of Ephraim and Manasseh.
 - They were evil, and needed to be purged from Israel.
 - They were proud and arrogant.
5. **Jephthah gathered all the men of Gilead and fought with _____.** (v. 4)
- Manasseh.
 - Issachar.
 - Dan.
 - Ephraim.
 - Asher.
6. **What did the Gileadites capture?** (v. 5)
- The fords of the Jabbok.
 - The fords of the Kishon.
 - The fords of the Jordan.
 - The fords of the Yarmuk.
 - The fords of the Tigris.
7. **If a fugitive of Ephraim wanted to go over, what would the men of Gilead ask him to say?** (v. 5-6)
- Shunammite.
 - Simeon Bar Kosiba.
 - Sin-Shar-Ishkun.
 - Shishak.
 - Shibooleth.

8. **What happened if the man of Ephraim could not pronounce the word correctly?** (v. 6)
A. The men of Gilead would allow him to cross the river.
B. The men of Gilead would seize him and slaughter him.
C. The men of Gilead would make him pay a fine.
D. The men of Gilead would steal all of his possessions.
E. The men of Gilead would torture him and not allow him to cross.
9. **How many Ephraimites were killed at that time?** (v. 6)
A. 10,000
B. 20,000
C. 30,000
D. 42,000
E. 50,000
10. **How long did Jephthah judge Israel?** (v. 7)
A. Six years.
B. Seven years.
C. Nine years.
D. Eleven years.
E. Twelve years.
11. **Who judged Israel after Jephthah?** (v. 8)
A. Shamgar
B. Othniel
C. Ibzan
D. Elon
E. Tola
12. **How many children did Ibzan have?** (v. 9)
A. 15 sons, 15 daughters.
B. 20 sons, 20 daughters.
C. 17 sons, 17 daughters.
D. 30 sons, 30 daughters.
E. 22 sons, 22 daughters.
13. **What does Judges say about the spouses Ibzan obtained for his children?** (v. 9)
A. He gave his daughters in marriage outside his clan, and thirty daughters he brought in from inside for his sons.
B. He gave his daughters in marriage outside his clan, and 30 daughters he brought in from outside for his sons.
C. He gave his daughters in marriage from within his clan, and thirty daughters he brought in from outside for his sons.
D. He gave his daughters in marriage from within his clan, and thirty daughters he brought in from inside for his sons.
E. He gave his daughters in marriage from within his clan, but his sons did not marry.
14. **Where was Ibzan buried?** (v. 10)
A. Zebulun
B. Pirathon
C. Gilead
D. Issachar
E. Bethlehem
15. **How long did Elon the Zebulunite judge Israel?** (v. 11)
A. Five years.
B. Ten years.
C. Fifteen years.
D. Twenty years.
E. Twenty-five years.
16. **Where was Elon buried?** (v. 12)
A. Ajjalon
B. Pirathon
C. Gilead
D. Issachar
E. Bethlehem
17. **Who was the father of Abdon the Pirathonite, who judged Israel?** (v. 13)
A. Jerub-Baal
B. Abimelech
C. Puah
D. Hillel
E. Dodo
18. **Abdon's forty sons and thirty grandsons rode on _____ donkeys.** (v. 14)
A. Seven
B. Seventeen
C. Twenty-seven
D. Forty-seven
E. Seventy
19. **How long did Abdon judge Israel?** (v. 14)
A. Two years
B. Four years
C. Eight years
D. Ten years
E. Twelve years
20. **Abdon was buried at Pirathon in the land of Ephraim, in the hill country of the _____.** (v. 15)
A. Ammonites
B. Amalekites
C. Philistines
D. Midianites
E. Hivites

JUDGES 13

- At the beginning of chapter 13 when the people of Israel again did evil in the sight of the Lord, the Lord gave them into the hand of the who for forty years? (v. 1)**
 - Philistines
 - Midianites
 - Ammonites
 - Moabites
 - Amorites
- Where did Manoah live? (v. 2)**
 - Gilead
 - Pirathon
 - Aijalon
 - Zorah
 - Bethlehem
- Manoah was of the tribe of the _____ (v. 2)**
 - Zebulunites
 - Danites
 - Ephraimites
 - Gileadites
 - Benjamites
- Describe Manoah's wife. (v. 2)**
 - She had weak eyes and was delicate.
 - She was lovely in form and beautiful.
 - She was Egyptian.
 - She was a former prostitute.
 - She was barren and had no children.
- When the angel of the LORD appeared to Manoah's wife, what did he say? (v. 2-4)**
 - You shall conceive and bear a son.
 - Be careful and drink no wine or strong drink.
 - Eat nothing unclean.
 - All of the above.
 - A and B above.
- What did the angel of the LORD say about the child Manoah's wife would bear? (v. 3,5)**
 - No razor shall come upon his head.
 - The child shall be a Nazirite to God from the womb.
 - He shall begin to save Israel from the hand of the Philistines.
 - All of the above.
 - B and C above.
- When Manoah's wife told her Husband about the man of God, how did she describe him? (v. 3,6)**
 - His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, very awesome.
 - His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, with wings.
 - His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, all dressed in white.
 - His appearance was like the appearance of the angel of God, shining bright like the sun.
 - His appearance was like the appearance of an ordinary man, but I think he was an angel of God.
- What did Manoah's wife tell Manoah that she did NOT ask the man of God? (v. 3,6)**
 - Where he was from.
 - His name.
 - Where he was going after leaving her.
 - All of the above.
 - A and B above.
- What did Manoah do after hearing the news from his wife that she was to bear a Nazirite son? (v. 8)**
 - Tore his clothes.
 - Told his wife that she was barren, and that this could not be so.
 - Prayed to the LORD.
 - Ran to the fields to find the man of God.
 - Rejoiced with his family and friends.
- Why did Manoah pray to the LORD to let the man of God come again to them? (v. 8)**
 - So Manoah could question him further and see if he really was from God.
 - So Manoah could hear the news from the man of God himself.
 - So Manoah could take him to the leaders of his clan.
 - So he could teach them what they were to do with the child.
 - So he could give them a special blessing of wealth from God.
- After God listened to the voice of Manoah, to whom did the angel of God come again? (v. 3,9)**
 - Manoah.
 - Manoah's wife.
 - Manoah and his wife.
 - Leader of the Danite clan.
 - Priest of the Danite clan.
- What did Manoah's wife do when she saw the angel of God had come again? (v. 10)**
 - Bowed low to the ground.
 - Wept with joy.
 - Tore her clothes.
 - Ran away in fear.
 - Ran quickly and told her husband that the angel of God had appeared to her.
- What did Manoah say when he came to the man of God? (v. 11)**
 - Are you the man that spoke to this woman?
 - Blessed are you for the glorious news that you have brought to us!
 - How do we know for certain that you come from God?
 - How can this be true, since my wife is sterile and childless?
 - A and D above.
- What did Manoah ask the man of God about the child? (v. 12)**
 - When your words come true, what is to be the boy's name?
 - When your words come true, where are we to raise the boy?
 - When your words come true, what is to be the child's manner of life, and what is his mission?
 - All of the above.
 - A and C above.
- What was the command from the angel of the Lord for Manoah's wife? (v. 14)**
 - All that I command her let her observe.
 - She must eat daily from the fruit of the grapevine.
 - She must drink a small amount of wine or other fermented drink each Sabbath.
 - All of the above.
 - B and C above.

16. **Why did Manoah want to detain the angel of the LORD?** (v. 15)
 A. So he could help them raise the boy.
 B. So he could teach them further how to raise the boy.
 C. So he could bless the house with prosperity by his presence.
 D. So Manoah and his wife could prepare a young goat for him.
 E. So Manoah could introduce him to the people of his clan.
17. **What did the angel of the LORD say when Manoah's offered him food?** (v. 16)
 A. It was very tasty and satisfying.
 B. He would not eat it
 C. It was burned.
 D. It was very kind of Manoah to feed him.
 E. It was abundant – too much for just one man.
18. **The angel of the LORD said to Manoah, "But if you prepare a burnt offering, _____."** (v. 16)
 A. God would fulfill his promise.
 B. Take it to Shiloh to the high priest of Israel.
 C. Offer it to the LORD.
 D. Make sure it was a grain offering.
 E. Make sure it was a lamb without spot or blemish.
19. **Manoah did not realize that he was _____.** (v. 16)
 A. God's son.
 B. The high priest.
 C. A judge who led Israel.
 D. The angel of the LORD.
 E. The spirit of Joshua.
20. **Why did Manoah want to know the name of the angel of the LORD?** (v. 17)
 A. So that they could honor him when his word came true.
 B. So that they could name their son after him.
 C. So that they could tell the leaders of the clan about the visitor.
 D. So that they could say a prayer to the Lord in his behalf.
 E. So that they could erect a monument in his honor.
21. **What did the angel of the LORD say when Manoah asked him his name?** (v. 18)
 A. Why do you ask my name?
 B. It is Gabriel.
 C. It is wonderful.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
22. **What did Manoah offer on a rock to the LORD?** (v. 19)
 A. A young goat.
 B. A young lamb.
 C. A grain offering.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
23. **What thing did the Lord do while Manoah and his wife watched the sacrifice?** (v. 20)
 A. Sent down a flame of fire that consumed the offering.
 B. When the flame went up toward heaven from the altar, the angel of the LORD went up in the flame.
 C. Caused the ground to open up and swallow the sacrifice.
 D. After the flame had died out, the angel of the Lord ascended into a cloud.
 E. The angel of the Lord ascended in the flame, taking the burning offering with him in his hands.
24. **What did Manoah and his wife do when they saw this?** (v. 20)
 A. Tore their clothes.
 B. Wept bitterly.
 C. Fell on their faces to the ground.
 D. Praised the Lord with loud voices.
 E. Sat in silence for seven days.
25. **When did Manoah realize that he had seen the angel of the Lord.** (v. 21)
 A. When the Lord spoke down out of the clouds with a thundering voice.
 B. When the sky grew dark for three hours.
 C. When the sun stood still for a day.
 D. When the angel of the LORD appeared no more to them.
 E. When the words came true and his son was born.
26. **What did Manoah say to his wife after he knew that he had seen the angel of the LORD?** (v. 22)
 A. We will surely die because we have seen God.
 B. We will surely die because we did not believe the angel at first.
 C. We will surely die because we questioned the angel.
 D. We will surely die because the goat we offered had a blemish.
 E. We will surely die because the Philistines would hear about the visit and kill us before the child is born.
27. **Which of the following was said by Manoah's wife?** (v. 23)
 A. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have accepted a burnt offering from our hands.
 B. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have accepted a grain offering from our hands.
 C. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have shown us all these things.
 D. If the Lord had meant to kill us, he would not have now announced to us things like these.
 E. All of the above.
28. **After Manoah's wife bore a son, what did she name him?** (v. 24)
 A. Gideon
 B. Barak
 C. Samson
 D. Ehud
 E. Othniel
29. **How does the Bible describe the boy's early years?** (v. 25)
 A. The young man grew.
 B. The Lord blessed him.
 C. The Spirit of the Lord began to stir him in Mahaneh-dan.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.

JUDGES 14

- Where did Samson see a daughter of the Philistines whom he wanted to marry? (v. 1-2)**
 - Timnah
 - Ashkelon
 - Lehi
 - Goza
 - Valley of Sorek
- What did Samson say to his parents after seeing this Philistine woman? (v. 2)**
 - If only she were of Israel, then I could marry her!
 - Get her for me as my wife.
 - What do you think? Should she be my wife?
 - I have already talked to her father, and the marriage feast day is set.
 - A and C above.
- Why did Samson's parents object to his desire to marry a Philistine woman? (v. 3)**
 - There was an acceptable woman among their relatives with whom Manoah had already made arrangements for Samson to wed.
 - Timnah was too far away from their home to make arrangements for the wedding.
 - Timnah was a Philistine town, and they did not want Samson living there.
 - The woman was a Philistine – from uncircumcised Philistines.
 - The woman was divorced from an uncircumcised Philistine man.
- What did Samson's parents not know about this marriage between Samson and the Philistine woman? (v. 4)**
 - It was from the Lord.
 - Through the marriage, the Lord was seeking an opportunity against the Philistines, who were ruling over Israel at that time.
 - The Philistine woman was righteous, and wanted to learn the ways of worshiping the Lord, God of Israel.
 - All of the above.
 - A and B above.
- Who went down with Samson down to Timnah? (v. 5)**
 - His father and mother.
 - His sister.
 - His brother.
 - His slave.
 - All of the above.
- What happened when Samson came to the vineyards of Timnah? (v. 5)**
 - The young Philistine woman came running out to meet him.
 - The bees swarmed around him.
 - A young lion came toward him roaring.
 - The father of the young Philistine woman met him.
 - The elders of the town of Timnah forbade him to enter the city.
- When the Spirit of the Lord rushed upon Samson, what did Samson do? (v. 6)**
 - Prophesied with loud words.
 - Tore the lion in pieces with his bare hands.
 - Spoke the language of the Philistines.
 - Healed a lame man outside the city of Timnah.
 - Killed a lamb and sacrificed it as a burnt offering to the Lord.
- Who did Samson tell what he had done? (v. 6)**
 - His father.
 - His mother.
 - The Philistine woman.
 - None of the above.
 - A and B above.
- After Samson went down and talked with the Philistine woman, how did he feel about her? (v. 7)**
 - She was right in his eyes.
 - She was perfect.
 - She was all wrong.
 - He idolized her.
 - He disliked her enough to change his mind about marrying her.
- When Samson went back to marry the woman sometime later, what did he turn aside to see? (v. 8)**
 - Gather flowers to give to her.
 - Pray and ask the Lord's blessing on his upcoming marriage.
 - Purchase a new cloak to wear.
 - Thresh wheat in a field.
 - The lion's carcass he had killed.
- What did he find when he turned aside on his second journey? (v. 8)**
 - A young bear cub with his mother.
 - A flock of sheep.
 - A swarm of bees with honey.
 - A large vineyard.
 - An angel of the Lord.
- What did Samson give his parents when he rejoined them on his second trip? (v. 9)**
 - Bread
 - Wine
 - Milk
 - Water
 - Honey
- When Samson's father went down to see the woman, what did Samson do? (v. 10)**
 - Prepared a burnt offering there, as young men used to do.
 - Prepared a feast there, as young men used to do.
 - Prepared a gift of crops to the woman's father, as young men used to do.
 - Prepared a gift of seven young lambs to the woman's father, as young men used to do.
 - Paid a sum of 20 shekels of silver to the woman's father, as young men used to do.
- What was Samson given as soon as people saw him? (v. 11)**
 - Thirty companions.
 - Thirty goats.
 - Thirty linen garments.
 - Thirty shekels of silver.
 - Thirty sets of clothes.
- What did Samson say to the people who gathered for the feast? (v. 12-13)**
 - Let me put a riddle to you.
 - If you can give me what it is, within seven days, I will give you thirty linen garments and thirty sets of clothes.
 - If you can't tell me what it is, you shall give me thirty linen garments and thirty changes of clothes.
 - All of the above.
 - A and B above.
- How long was the feast? (v. 12)**
 - Three days
 - Four days
 - Five days
 - Six days
 - Seven days

17. **What was Samson's riddle?** (v.)
 A. Out of the eater came something sweet. Out of the strong came something to eat.
 B. Out of the eater came something wet. Out of the strong came something dry.
 C. Out of the eater came something to eat. Out of the strong came something sweet.
 D. Out of the eater came something rich. Out of the strong came something weak.
 E. Out of the eater came something blue. Out of the strong came something like dew.
18. **After three days of not being able to give an answer, what did the guests do?** (v. 14-15)
 A. Asked Samson's father the meaning of the riddle.
 B. Asked Samson to give them a hint.
 C. Became angry and left the wedding feast.
 D. Said to Samson's wife to entice Samson to explain the riddle for them.
 E. Gave Samson a riddle of theirs that he needed to solve first.
19. **How did the wedding guests threaten Samson's wife?** (v. 15)
 A. They said they would burn her and her father's house if she did not discover the answer to the riddle.
 B. They said they would kill her father with the sword if she did not discover the answer to the riddle.
 C. They said they would kill Samson if she did not discover the answer to the riddle.
 D. They said they would take away all of her father's possessions if she did not discover the answer to the riddle.
 E. They said they would drive her entire family from the town if she did not discover the answer to the riddle.
20. **"Have you invite us here to _____?"**(v. 15)
 A. Make fun of us.
 B. Impoverish us.
 C. Enslave us.
 D. Hurt us.
 E. Ensnare us.
21. **What did Samson's wife say when she threw herself on him sobbing?** (v. 16)
 A. You hate me!
 B. You do not love me!
 C. You have put a riddle to my people, and you have not told me what it is.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
22. **What was Samson's reply to his wife?** (v. 16)
 A. I explained it to my father and mother, but I will not explain it to you.
 B. I have not even explained it to my father or mother, but I will explain it to you.
 C. I have not told my father nor my mother, and shall I tell you?
 D. I explained it to my father, but not my mother, so why should I explain it to you?
 E. I explained it to my mother, but not my father, so why should I explain it to you?
23. **How long did Samson's wife weep?** (v. 17)
 A. Three days.
 B. Four days.
 C. Five days.
 D. Six days.
 E. Seven days.
24. **Why did Samson tell his wife the answer to the riddle on the seventh day?** (v. 17)
 A. He felt sorry for her.
 B. She pressed him hard.
 C. She told him about the threat from the people.
 D. He decided to keep no secrets from her.
 E. A and C above.
25. **Samson's wife explained the riddle to _____.** (v. 17)
 A. Samson's mother.
 B. Manoah.
 C. Her father.
 D. Her maidservants.
 E. Her people.
26. **Before th sun went doen on the seventh day, what did the men of the city say to Samson?** (v. 18)
 A. What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?
 B. What is sweeter than bees? What is stronger than a bear?
 C. What is sweeter than sugar? What is stronger than a camel?
 D. What is sweeter than flowers? What is stronger than a man?
 E. What is sweeter than rain? What is stronger than the ocean?
27. **What was Samson's response to the men of the city when they gave an answer to his riddle?** (v. 18)
 A. If you had not threatened my wife, you would not have solved my riddle.
 B. If you had not been listening at my door, you would not have solved my riddle.
 C. If you had not plowed with my heifer, you would not have found out my riddle.
 D. If you had not plowed with my ox, you would not have solved my riddle.
 E. If you had not threatened my parents, you would not have solved my riddle.
28. **"Then the Spirit of the Lord _____ upon him."** (v. 19)
 A. Came.
 B. Grew.
 C. Flooded.
 D. Swept.
 E. Rushed.
29. **Where was Samson when he struck down thirty men, and took their garments to give to those who had explained the riddle?** (v. 19)
 A. Zorah B. Timnah C. Gaza D. Ashkelon E. Eshtaol
30. **How did Samson feel after the events at his wedding feast?** (v. 19)
 A. Rejoicing in his new wife.
 B. Sorrowful for marrying outside the nation of Israel.
 C. Hot with anger.
 D. Forgiving of his wife for her betrayal.
 E. Proud that he had been able to pay the price for them solving the riddle.
31. **Where did Samson go after he had given clothes to those who had told the riddle?** (v. 19)
 A. To his wife in Timnah.
 B. To his father's house.
 C. Into the desert.
 D. To the vineyards of Timnah.
 E. To the cave in the rock of Etam.

32. **What happened to Samson's wife?** (v. 20)
- A. She died.
 - B. She went with Samson to his father's house.
 - C. She stayed with her father.
 - D. She was given to his companion, who had been his best man.
 - E. She was thrown out into the streets of Timnah to live as a prostitute.

JUDGES 15

1. **When did Samson take a young goat and go to visit his wife?** (v. 1)
 - A. At the time of Passover.
 - B. At the time of wheat harvest.
 - C. At the time of grape gathering.
 - D. At the time of sheep shearing.
 - E. After the time of mourning for his father had passed.
2. **After Samson said, "I will go in to my wife in the chamber," how did his father-in-law respond?** (v. 2)
 - A. I really thought that you utterly hated her, so I gave her to your companion
 - B. Isn't her younger sister just as attractive?
 - C. Take her younger sister instead.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and C above.
3. **What did Samson think when he heard these words from his father-in-law?** (v. 3)
 - A. You had no right to do this to my wife! She was mine!
 - B. My poor wife! What she must have suffered!
 - C. This was just and proper since she betrayed me during the wedding feast.
 - D. This time I shall be innocent in regard to the Philistines, when I do them harm.
 - E. A and D above.
4. **How many foxes did Samson catch?** (v. 4)
 - A. One hundred.
 - B. Two hundred.
 - C. Three hundred.
 - D. Four hundred.
 - E. Five hundred.
5. **What did he do with these foxes?** (v. 4)
 - A. Make warm outer garments as a peace offering to the Philistines.
 - B. Turned them tail to tail and put a torch between each pair of tails.
 - C. Fastened a torch to each individual tail.
 - D. Lit the torches and let the foxes loose in the city of Timnah.
 - E. C and D above.
6. **What did Samson burn that belonged to the Philistines?** (v. 5)
 - A. Stacked grain.
 - B. Standing grain.
 - C. Olive orchards.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
7. **When the Philistines found out that Samson was responsible for the destruction of their crops, what did they do?** (v. 6)
 - A. Burned Samson's wife and her father with fire.
 - B. Burned Samson's mother and father to death.
 - C. Burned Samson's home to the ground.
 - D. Burned down the city of Timnah.
 - E. Burned the crops of the Israelites in Zorah.

8. **Samson said to the Philistines, "If this is what you do, _____."** (v. 7)
- I will gather the forces of Israel to get revenge on you.
 - I swear I will be avenged on you, and after that I will quit.
 - God will take vengeance on you.
 - Your gods will be unable to save you from Israel.
 - You are truly a wicked people.
9. **What did Samson do to the Philistines after they killed his wife?** (v. 8)
- Invoked a curse on them from the top of a high mountain.
 - Offered a burnt offering to the Lord, praying for guidance.
 - Struck them hip and thigh with a great blow.
 - Captured many of them and made them his slaves.
 - Attacked them and wounded many.
10. **Where did Samson stay after his wife had been killed?** (v. 8)
- In Timnah.
 - In Zorah at the home of Manoah.
 - In Gaza.
 - In the cleft of the rock of Etam.
 - In the Valley of Sorek.
11. **Where did the Philistines encamp when they went out to find Samson?** (v. 9)
- In Judah and made a raid on Lehi.
 - In Dan, spreading out near Lehi.
 - In Issachar, spreading out near Lehi.
 - In Zebulun, spreading out near Lehi.
 - In Ephraim, spreading out near Lehi.
12. **How did the Philistines respond when the men of Judah asked them why they had come against them?** (v. 10)
- We have come to kill Samson, to do to him as he did to us.
 - We have come up to bind Samson, to do to him as he did to us.
 - We have come to burn Samson's fields, to do to him as he did to us.
 - We have come to kill Samson's relatives, to do to him as he did to us.
 - A and D above.
13. **How many men from Judah went down to see Samson?** (v. 11)
- One thousand.
 - Two thousand.
 - Three thousand.
 - Four thousand.
 - Five thousand.
14. **The men of Judah said to Samson, "Do you not know that the Philistines are _____? What then is this that you have done to us?"** (v. 11)
- More powerful than us.
 - More wealthy than us.
 - Bigger than us.
 - Wiser than us.
 - Rulers over us.
15. **What was Samson's reply to the men of Judah?** (v. 11)
- Do not fear. The Lord will not let harm come to you.
 - Wait and watch. You will see the power of the Spirit of the Lord coming soon.
 - The Lord gave us land, and the Lord can take it away. Blessed be the name of the Lord.
 - As they did to me, so have I done to them.
 - We have no ruler over us but the Lord, God of Israel.
16. **What did the men of Judah want to do to Samson?** (v. 12)
- Kill him and give his body to the Philistines.
 - Bind him and give him into the hands of the Philistines.
 - Torture him and hand him over to the Philistines.
 - Hide him from the Philistines.
 - Make him head over all who lived in Judah.
17. **What did Samson want the men of Judah to swear to him?** (v. 12)
- That they would not attack Samson themselves.
 - That they would not let any harm come to Samson's parents.
 - That they would destroy their idols and worship only the God of Israel.
 - That they would bury his body in his home town of Zorah.
 - B and D above.
18. **What did the men of Judah bind Samson with?** (v. 13)
- One new rope that had never been used.
 - Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried.
 - Three new ropes that had never been used.
 - Fabric from the loom.
 - Two new ropes.
19. **As Samson approached Lehi, what did the Philistines do?** (v. 14)
- Shot him with arrows.
 - Threw stones at him.
 - Came shouting to meet him.
 - Threw spears at him.
 - Put a net over his head.
20. **When the Spirit of the Lord rushed upon Samson, what did the ropes on his arms become like?** (v. 14)
- A piece of string coming close to a flame.
 - Threads.
 - Dried wheat.
 - Flax that has caught fire.
 - Water.
21. **When the bindings melted off his hands, what did Samson find for a weapon?** (v. 15)
- Nothing – he used his bare hands.
 - A fresh jawbone of a donkey.
 - A sword he seized from the nearest Philistine.
 - A tree limb from the nearest tree.
 - The leg bone of a donkey.
22. **How many men did Samson strike down?** (v. 15)
- One thousand.
 - Five hundred.
 - Fifteen hundred.
 - Two thousand.
 - Two thousand five hundred.

23. **Samson said, "With the jawbone of a donkey _____ upon heaps." (v. 16)**
 A. Piled B. Men C. Donkeys **D. Heaps** E. Dogs
24. **What was the place called where Samson killed the Philistines after the ropes dropped from his hands? (v. 17)**
 A. Gaza B. En-hakkore **C. Ramath-lehi** D. Beth-shan E. Ibleam
25. **Why did Samson call out to the Lord? (v. 18)**
 A. He was very sorrowful.
B. He was very thirsty.
 C. He was very hungry.
 D. He was very lonely.
 E. He was very hot and tired.
26. **What did Samson say to the Lord? (v. 18)**
A. You have granted this great salvation by the hand of your servant.
 B. Must I now die of hunger and fall into the hands of the uncircumcised?
 C. Where is your Spirit now that I am alone without a wife or child?
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
27. **What did God do for Samson? (v. 19)**
 A. Sent angels to minister to him.
 B. Sent ravens with bread to feed him.
 C. Sent a flaming chariot to take him up into heaven.
 D. Sent rain to cool him and quench his thirst.
E. Split open up a hollow place at Lehi, and water came out of it.
28. **What was the place called where God cared for Samson? (v. 19)**
 A. Ramath Lehi.
 B. Beth Millo.
 C. Spring of Harod.
D. En-hakkore.
 E. Akkrabbim.
29. **How long did Samson Judge Israel in the days of the Philistines? (v. 20)**
 A. Five years.
 B. Ten years.
C. Twenty years.
 D. Thirty years.
 E. Thirty-five years.

JUDGES 16

1. **Where did Samson go to see a prostitute? (v. 1)**
 A. Gilead B. Timnah **C. Gaza** D. Bethlehem E. Aijalon
2. **When the people of the town were told that Samson was there, what did they do? (v. 2)**
 A. Stormed the house in which Samson was staying and took him by surprise.
 B. Surrounded the place and lay in wait for him until midnight, when they stormed the house.
 C. Surrounded the place, put dry branches around the house, and burned down the house over Samson's head.
D. Set an ambush for him all night at the gate of the city.
 E. Fled in terror.
3. **When did the people of the town plan to kill Samson? (v. 2)**
 A. At midnight **B. Light of the morning** C. At midday D. At mid-afternoon E. At sunset
4. **How long did Samson lay in the house? (v. 3)**
A. Until midnight.
 B. Until dawn.
 C. Until midday.
 D. Until mid-afternoon.
 E. Until sunset the next day.
5. **What did Samson do when he left the house? (v. 3)**
 A. Took hold of the doors of the gate of the city and the two posts.
 B. Pulled up the posts, bar and all, and put them on his shoulders and carried them.
 C. Burned the doors and posts in the fields outside of the town.
 D. All of the above.
E. A and B above.
6. **Where did Samson take the city gates and posts? (v. 3)**
 A. To Timnah.
B. To the top of the hill that is in front of Hebron.
 C. To the Valley of Sorek.
 D. To Ramath Lehi.
 E. To En Hakkore.
7. **With whom did Samson fall in love? (v. 4)**
A. Delilah B. Deborah C. Daughter of Jephthah D. Drusilla E. Dora
8. **Where did this woman live? (v. 4)**
 A. In Gaza.
 B. In Timnah.
C. In the Valley of Sorek.
 D. In Ramath Lehi.
 E. In Hebron.
9. **What did the lords of the Philistines want Delilah to do? (v. 5)**
 A. Keep Samson in her house all night while they surrounded it and planned how to kill him the next morning.
 B. Trick Samson into drinking poisonous wine.
 C. Put poison in the food she gave to Samson, since they knew he was a Nazirite and did not drink wine.
D. Seduce him, and see where his great strength lies, and by what means we may overpower him, that we may bind him to humble him.
 E. Lure Samson into the cave of Etam, where they could ambush him.

10. **How much did the lords of the Philistines offer to pay Dallah for doing this task? (v. 5)**
 A. Eleven hundred shekels of silver.
 B. Eleven hundred shekels of silver from each of the lords.
 C. Eleven hundred shekels of gold.
 D. Eleven hundred shekels of precious jewels.
 E. Eleven hundred shekels of bronze.
11. **What did Dallah say to Samson? (v. 6)**
 A. Tell me where your great strength lies, & how you might be bound, that one could subdue you.
 B. Tell me the secret of your great wisdom and how you can be subdued.
 C. Tell me the secret of your great strength and how you obtained it.
 D. Tell me the secret of your great popularity and how you lead the Israelites.
 E. Tell me the secret of your God and how his power comes upon you.
12. **Which of the following did Samson tell Dallah? (v. 7)**
 A. If anyone ties me with seven thongs (bowstrings) that have been dried, I'll become as weak as any other man.
 B. If anyone ties me securely with old ropes that have seldom been used, I'll become as weak as any other man.
 C. If they bind me with seven fresh bowstrings that have not been dried, then I shall become weak and be like any other man.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
13. **How many times did Dallah try to subdue Samson before he told her the truth? (v. 7-14)**
 A. Two B. Three C. Four D. Five E. Six
14. **Where were the Philistine men when Dallah tried unsuccessfully to bind Samson? (v. 9)**
 A. Surrounding her house.
 B. Outside the city gates.
 C. On the hill overlooking the Valley of Sorek.
 D. Lying in ambush in an inner chamber.
 E. On her roof.
15. **What did Dallah say each time she tried to bind Samson? (v. 9, 12, & 14)**
 A. Samson, you are a fool!
 B. Samson, your strength is gone!
 C. Samson, you must marry me!
 D. Samson, why don't you love me?
 E. The Philistines are upon you, Samson!
16. **How did Samson free himself from the seven fresh bowstrings? (v. 9)**
 A. He snapped them, as a thread of flax snaps when it touches the fire.
 B. He snapped them off his arms as if they were threads.
 C. They became like charred flax and dropped from his hands.
 D. He cut them off with a dagger.
 E. He dried them in the sun, and they fell off his arms.
17. **What did Dallah say to try to persuade Samson to tell her the truth? (v. 10, 13, & 15)**
 A. You have mocked me and told me lies.
 B. Until now you have mocked me and told me lies.
 C. How can you say, 'I love you,' when your heart is not with me?
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
18. **How many locks were on Samson's head? (v. 13)**
 A. Three B. Four C. Five D. Six E. Seven
19. **In which of the following instances does the Bible mention that Samson slept while Dallah tried to subdue him? (v. 13)**
 A. When she tied him with seven fresh thongs (bowstrings).
 B. When she tied him with new ropes.
 C. When she wove his locks into the web.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
20. **How long did Dallah press Samson before he told her the truth? (v. 16)**
 A. Seven days.
 B. Three days.
 C. One month.
 D. Day after day, until his soul was vexed to death.
 E. Six months.
21. **When Samson told Dallah the truth, what did he say? (v. 17)**
 A. A razor has never come upon my head, for I have been a Nazirite to God from my mother's womb.
 B. If my head were shaved, my vow would be broken.
 C. If my head is shaved, then my strength will leave me.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and C above.
22. **When Dallah sent for the rulers of the Philistines the last time, what did they bring with them? (v. 18)**
 A. New ropes.
 B. Seven fresh bowstrings that had not been dried.
 C. A loom on which to weave fabric.
 D. Money.
 E. Nothing.
23. **What did Dallah do before the locks of Samson's hair were shaved off? (v. 19)**
 A. Fed Samson.
 B. Gave Samson a drink.
 C. Made him sleep on her knees.
 D. Sang to Samson.
 E. Kissed Samson.
24. **Who shaved off the locks of Samson's hair? (v. 19)**
 A. Dallah.
 B. A man.
 C. The Philistine rulers.
 D. Dallah's servant girl.
 E. The Bible does not say who did it.
25. **What happened to Samson when the locks of his hair were shaved off? (v. 19)**
 A. His strength left him.
 B. He was stronger.
 C. He was just as strong as before.
 D. The Spirit of the Lord came upon him in power.
 E. His hair grew back quickly.

26. **What did Samson think when he awoke from his sleep and his locks had been cut off?** (v. 20)
 A. I will never trust Delilah again.
 B. I must offer a burnt offering to God for breaking my Nazirite vow.
 C. The Philistines have dishonored me greatly – I must do to them what they did to me!
 D. I must flee – No Israelite must see me this way, dishonored and broken.
 E. I will go out as at other times and shake myself free.
27. **What did Samson NOT know when he awoke?** (v. 20)
 A. The Philistine rulers were hiding in the room.
 B. His braids had been burned.
 C. His hands were tied.
 D. The Lord had left him.
 E. His braids had been woven into fabric in the loom.
28. **What did the Philistines do to Samson after his strength left him?** (v. 21)
 A. Seized him and gouged out his eyes.
 B. Took him to Gaza.
 C. Bound him with bronze shackles.
 D. Made him grind at the mill in the prison.
 E. All of the above.
29. **What happened to the hair on Samson's head after it had been shaved?** (v. 22)
 A. The remaining bristles fell out and he was completely bald.
 B. It turned completely white.
 C. It began to grow again.
 D. It did not grow – it remained in stubbles on his head.
 E. B and C above.
30. **Why did the rulers of the Philistines gather?** (v. 23)
 A. To offer a great sacrifice to their god.
 B. To rejoice that their god had delivered their enemy, Samson, into their hands.
 C. To decide what to do to Samson.
 E. A and B above.
31. **Who was the god of the Philistines?** (v. 23)
 A. Dagon B. Hadad C. Chemosh D. Molech E. Rimmon
32. **What did the Philistines say when they praised their god?** (v. 24)
 A. Praise be to our god in heaven who has delivered the Israelites into our hands!
 B. Our god has given our enemy into our hand, the ravager of our country, who has killed many of us.
 C. Praise be to our god, who is greater than the god of Israel!
 D. Praise be to Delilah, who with her wiles was able to tame the mighty Samson!
 E. Our god has delivered our enemy into our hands, the one who insulted us and brought shame on our nation.
33. **Why did the Philistines want Samson brought out of the prison?** (v. 25)
 A. To have him demonstrate feats of strength.
 B. To kill him.
 C. To torture him.
 D. To be entertained by him.
 E. To hurl insults at him.
34. **Where did Samson ask the young man holding his hand to take him during this Philistine celebration?** (v. 26)
 A. Out of the temple so he could escape.
 B. Back to the prison.
 C. Among pillars on which the house rests.
 D. To the stone idol of the god in the temple.
 E. To the main Philistine ruler who was in high spirits in the temple.
35. **Who was in the Philistine temple at this time?** (v. 27)
 A. Men and women.
 B. All the lords of the Philistines.
 C. About three thousand men and women on the roof.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
36. **What did Samson do while he performed for the Philistines?** (v. 28)
 A. Wept bitterly.
 B. Prayed.
 C. Laughed.
 D. Shouted.
 E. Remained silent.
37. **Which of the following are words of Samson?** (v. 28)
 A. O Sovereign Lord, forget me, because I have failed you.
 B. O God of Israel, forgive me, and restore my sight.
 C. Please strengthen me only this once.
 D. Let me this one time escape from the Philistines.
 E. All of the above.
38. **For what did Samson want to avenge when he was in the Philistine temple?** (v. 28)
 A. His two eyes.
 B. His dead wife.
 C. His burned fields.
 D. Delilah's deception.
 E. The Philistine oppression of Israel.
39. **What did Samson do to the two middle pillars on which the house rested?** (v. 29-30)
 A. Climbed them.
 B. Leaned on them.
 C. Leaned his weight against them, he bowed up with all his strength.
 D. Bracing himself between them, he pulled them towards him with all his might.
 E. Kicked them.
40. **What were Samson's last words?** (v. 30)
 A. Now I am avenged on the Philistines!
 B. Now Israel is free from the Philistines!
 C. The God of Israel is greater than the god of the Philistines!
 D. Let me die with the Philistines!
 E. May the God of Israel be praised in the gates!
41. **What happened to the Philistine temple?** (v. 30)
 A. Nothing – it remained standing.
 B. The house fell upon the lords and upon all the people who were in it.
 C. The temple stayed standing, but the stone idol fell over and broke into many pieces.
 D. It was burned to the ground by the Israelites who ambushed it.
 E. The Lord opened up the ground and swallowed it and everyone in it.

42. **Samson killed _____ when he died than while he lived. (v. 30)**
A. A few More.
B. More.
C. Many more.
D. The same number of Philistines.
E. Less.
43. **Who went down to get Samson's body? (v. 30)**
A. His brothers.
B. All his family.
C. His mother and father.
D. All of the above.
E. A and B above.
44. **Where was Samson buried? (v. 31)**
A. In Zorah.
B. In Eshtaol.
C. Between Zorah and Aijalon.
D. In the tomb of Manoah his father.
E. In the ruins of the Philistine temple in Gaza.
45. **How long had Samson judged Israel? (v. 31)**
A. Twenty years.
B. Twenty-two years.
C. Twenty-five years.
D. Thirty years.
E. Fifteen years.

JUDGES 17

1. **Where did Micah live? (v. 1)**
A. In Jerusalem.
B. In Bethlehem.
C. In Hebron.
D. In the hill country of Ephraim.
E. In Zorah in the region of Dan.
2. **What had Micah done? (v. 2)**
A. Stolen a hundred pieces of gold from his mother.
B. Stolen two hundred pieces of silver from his mother.
C. Stolen five hundred pieces of bronze from his mother.
D. Stolen a thousand pieces of precious jewels from his mother.
E. Stolen eleven hundred pieces of silver from his mother.
3. **What had his mother done when she discovered the theft? (v. 2)**
A. Uttered a curse.
B. Wept bitterly.
C. Lit a lamp, swept the house, and searched for it carefully.
D. Tore her robes.
E. Stayed in her home and never went out again.
4. **What did Micah's mother say when Micah confessed to the theft? (v. 2)**
A. May the Lord curse you, my son, for the dishonor you have brought to our family.
B. Blessed be my son by the Lord
C. The Lord punish you severely, my son, for doing this to your own mother!
D. You are cut off and cast away from our family!
E. What caused you to do this evil deed, my son?
5. **What did Micah's mother do when he returned the silver to her? (v. 3)**
A. Gave (restored) it back to Micah.
B. Dedicate the silver to the Lord
C. Said that it was to make a carved image and a metal image.
D. All of the above.
E. A and C above.
6. **How many pieces of silver were used to make the carved image and metal image? (v. 4)**
A. Fifty.
B. One hundred.
C. Two hundred.
D. Five hundred.
E. Eleven hundred.
7. **Who made the carved image and a metal image? (v. 4)**
A. Micah.
B. Micah's mother.
C. Micah's brother.
D. Micah's father.
E. A silversmith.

8. **Where was the image and idol placed?** (v. 4)
 A. In the tent of meeting in Shiloh.
 B. In Micah's mother's house.
 C. In Micah's house.
 D. In the center of town.
 E. In the temple of the Canaanite god.
9. **What did Micah have?** (v. 5)
 A. A shrine.
 B. An ephod.
 C. Household gods.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
10. **Who was Micah's priest?** (v. 5)
 A. His father.
 B. His brother.
 C. One of his sons.
 D. All of his sons, each taking their turn.
 E. Himself.
11. **"In those days there was no _____ in Israel. Everyone did what was right in his own eyes."** (v. 6)
 A. King B. Judge C. Priest D. Prophet E. Governor
12. **Who came to Micah's house while on a journey?** (v. 7-8)
 A. A young man who was a Zebulunite.
 B. A young man who was a Gadite.
 C. A young man who was an Ephraimite.
 D. A young man who was a Danite.
 E. A young man who was a Levite.
13. **Where was this young man from?** (v. 7)
 A. Jerusalem in Judah.
 B. Bethlehem in Judah.
 C. Bethel in Ephraim.
 D. Hebron in Judah.
 E. Gibeon in Benjamin.
14. **Why had this person left his home town?** (v. 9)
 A. To find a place.
 B. To find a wife.
 C. To find a tent of meeting in Shiloh.
 D. To find great wealth.
 E. To find food during a time of famine.
15. **What did Micah say to the young man on a journey?** (v. 10)
 A. May God bless you as you continue on your journey, my son.
 B. Go back home, because this journey can only lead to great harm.
 C. Stay with me, and be to me a father and a priest.
 D. I will give you two hundred shekels of silver – make me another idol for my shrine.
 E. Go on to Jerusalem; there you will find a great fortune.
16. **What did Micah agree to give this person if he stayed and served as a priest?** (v. 10)
 A. Ten pieces of silver a year.
 B. A suit of clothes.
 C. His living (food).
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
17. **What did the young Levite man become to Micah?** (v. 11-12)
 A. Like one of his own sons.
 B. His priest.
 C. His servant.
 D. His ruler.
 E. A and B above.
18. **Which of the following statements did Micah make?** (v. 13)
 A. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since I have returned my mother's silver.
 B. Now I know that the Lord will prosper me, because I have a Levite as priest.
 C. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since I have taken in this young Levite as a son.
 D. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since I have a shrine in my house.
 E. Now I know that the Lord will be good to me, since this Levite blessed my house.

19. AC
 21. BDBEA

JUDGES 18

- In those days, what was the tribe of the Danites seeking? (v. 1)**
 - An inheritance to dwell in.
 - An inheritance away from the famine in their territory.
 - An inheritance with rich farmland in which to grow their crops.
 - An inheritance with good grazing land for their sheep.
 - All of the above.
- Why were they seeking this place? (v. 1)**
 - Because there was a famine in their territory.
 - Because they were too numerous for the territory they received as an inheritance.
 - Because no inheritance among the tribes of Israel had fallen to them.
 - Because they were not satisfied with the land that they had been given as an inheritance.
 - Because they had been driven out of their territory by the Canaanites.
- Whom did the Danites send to spy out and explore the land? (v. 2)**
 - Five priests from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe.
 - Five rulers from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe.
 - Five prophets from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe.
 - Five able men from the whole number of their tribe.
 - Five shepherds from Zorah and Eshtaol who represented all their tribe.
- Which Israelite judge (or leader) came from the area of Zorah and Eshtaol? (13:2)**

A. Ehud B. Othniel C. Deborah D. Gideon **E. Samson**
- What did the five men do when they came to the house of Micah? (v. 2)**
 - Surrounded it.
 - Lodged there.
 - Raided it.
 - Stole from it.
 - Blessed it.
- When they were near Micah's house, what did the five men recognize? (v. 3)**
 - The silver image Micah had made.
 - Micah's mother.
 - The voice of the young Levite.
 - One of Micah's sons.
 - B and D above.
- What did the five men ask Micah's priest? (v. 3)**
 - Who brought you here?
 - What are you doing in this place?
 - What is your business here?
 - All of the above.
 - B and C above.
- What did the young priest tell the five men about Micah? (v. 4)**
 - Micah had hired him.
 - He was Micah's priest.
 - All that Micah had done for him.
 - All of the above.
 - A and B above.
- What did the five men want from the young Levite priest? (v. 5)**
 - To inquire of God to learn whether their journey would be successful.
 - Food and water.
 - A young lamb to offer as a burnt offering.
 - The silver idol in the shrine.
 - Twenty shekels of silver.
- What did the young Levite priest tell the five men before they left? (v. 6)**
 - Go home. Your journey does not have the Lord's approval.
 - Go in peace. The journey on which you go is under the eye of the Lord.
 - Go cautiously. You will be successful, but there will be many dangers.
 - Go by night, or one of you will be killed.
 - Take plenty of water and food with you – there is a famine in this land.
- What did the young Danite men find in Laish? (v. 7)**
 - The people were living in fear, with the town shut up tight.
 - The people were living in great power with many mighty warriors.
 - The people were living in security, quiet and unsuspecting.
 - The people were living in great debauchery – drunk with much wine.
 - The people were living in great poverty, unable to get anything from the land.
- To which nation did the Danite spies compare the people of Laish? (v. 7)**
 - The Philistines.
 - The Sidonians.
 - The Midianites.
 - The Moabites.
 - The Ammonites.
- With whom did the people of Laish have dealings with? (v. 7)**
 - No one.
 - The Sidonians.
 - The Philistines.
 - The Moabites.
 - The Midianites.
- What did the five spies report to their brothers when they returned? (v. 9-10)**
 - We have seen that the land is very good.
 - Do not be slow to go, to enter in and possess the land.
 - As soon as you go, you will come to an unsuspecting people. The land is spacious, for God has given it into your hands.
 - A place where there is no lack of anything that is in the earth.
 - All of the above.
- What did the spies advise their brothers to do? (v. 9)**
 - Let's live here – we have plenty where we are.
 - Let's negotiate a treaty of peace with the people of Laish.
 - Let's wait and attack Laish at the time of harvest, after they have worked the fields.
 - Arise, and let us go up against them.
 - Let's inquire of the Lord before we decide.
- How many men of the tribe of Dan, armed for weapons, set out from Zorah and Eshtaol? (v. 11)**
 - Two hundred.
 - Three hundred.
 - Six hundred.
 - Eight hundred.
 - A thousand.

17. **Why was the place west of Kirjath-jearim in Judah called Mahaneh-dan?** (v. 12)
 A. The Danites set up a memorial to God there on their way to Laish.
 B. The Danites encamped there on their way to Laish.
 C. The Danites conquered and renamed the town.
 D. The Danites prayed to God, who brought water out of a hollow place in a rock.
 E. The Danites offered burnt offerings there and inquired of the Lord.
18. **When the Danites came to the hill country of Ephraim, what did the five spies tell their brothers about Micah's house?** (v. 14)
 A. It had an ephod and household gods.
 B. It had a carved image and a metal image.
 C. It had a priest.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
19. **When the six hundred armed Danites went to Micah's place, where did they stand?** (v. 16)
 A. At the entrance to the gate.
 B. Inside the gate, surrounding the house.
 C. Behind the house.
 D. On top of the hill overlooking the house.
 E. In the fields west of the house.
20. **What did the five spies do when they reached Micah's house on this second occasion?** (v. 17)
 A. Went inside and took only the carved image and the cast idol.
 B. Went inside and took only the ephod.
 C. Went inside and took the carved image, the ephod, the household gods, and the metal image.
 D. Stayed outside and asked the priest to bring them the household gods.
 E. Hid while the six hundred armed Danites raided the shrine.
21. **Where was the priest while all of this was happening?** (v. 18)
 A. In the shrine.
 B. At the entrance to the gate.
 C. Hiding in Micah's house.
 D. In the fields away from the house.
 E. Visiting his family back in Bethlehem.
22. **What did the five Danite spies tell the priest when he asked them what they were doing?** (v. 19)
 A. Keep quiet; put your hand on your mouth.
 B. Come with us and be to us a father and a priest.
 C. Is it better for you to be priest to the house of one man, or to be priest to a tribe and clan in Israel?
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
23. **"Then the priest's heart was _____."** (v. 20)
 A. Sorrowful B. Glad C. Stunned D. Silent E. Uncertain
24. **What did the Danites put in front of them when they turned away from Micah's house and left?** (v. 21)
 A. The priest and gods of Micah.
 B. Their little ones.
 C. Their livestock and goods.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
25. **What happened after the Danites had gone some distance from Micah's house?** (v. 22)
 A. The men who lived near Micah were called out, and they overtook the people of Dan.
 B. Micah and his sons overtook the Danites.
 C. The priest decided to turn back to live in the house of Micah.
 D. The Danites killed the priest.
 E. The Danites were ambushed by the men who lived near Micah.
26. **Who said, "What is the matter with you, that you come with such a company?"** (v. 23)
 A. Micah.
 B. The people of Dan.
 C. Men who lived near Micah.
 D. Five spies.
 E. Micah's sons.
27. **Which of the following did Micah say to the people of Dan?** (v. 24)
 A. The Lord God of Israel will decide between you and me today.
 B. The gods I made are mine; they will not fight for you.
 C. You must pay me for my priest!
 D. What have I left?
 E. I will give you my land and house; just return my gods to me!
28. **What did the Danites say would happen if Micah argued with them?** (v. 25)
 A. The priest would invoke a curse on Micah and his family.
 B. They would take Micah and his family as slaves.
 C. Do not let your voice be heard among us, lest angry fellows fall upon you, and you lose your life with the lives of your household.
 D. They would take over Micah's house and shrine as well.
 E. They would burn down Micah's house and shrine over his head.
29. **Why did Micah go back home?** (v. 25)
 A. The people of Dan returned his idols to him.
 B. The people of Dan returned his priest to him.
 C. The people of Dan paid him twenty shekels of silver.
 D. The people of Dan ridiculed and shamed him.
 E. Micah saw that the people of Dan were too strong for him.
30. **What did the people of Dan do when they reached the unsuspecting people of Laish?** (v. 27)
 A. Signed a treaty of peace with them to live together in the land.
 B. Struck them with the edge of the sword and burned the city with fire.
 C. Attacked them and forced them to become water carriers for the Danites.
 D. Forced them out of their homes to live as wanderers in Israel.
 E. Offered burnt offerings to the Lord God of Israel in thanks for their successful journey.
31. **Why did no one rescue Laish from the people of Dan?** (v. 28)
 A. The people of Laish were surrounded by enemies on all sides.
 B. It was far from Sidon.
 C. They had no dealings with anyone.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
32. **Where was the city of the people of Laish?** (v. 28)
 A. In the valley that belongs to Beth-rehob.
 B. In the valley of Sorek.
 C. In the valley between Mount Gerizim and Mount Ebal.
 D. In the valley by the Hill of Moreh.
 E. In the valley under Mount Tabor.

33. **After rebuilding the city, what did the people of Dan name it?** (v. 28-29)
 A. Laish B. Beth Rehob **C. Dan** D. Israel E. Gershom
34. **Who were priests for the tribe of Dan until the time of the captivity?** (v. 30)
 A. Micah and his sons.
 B. The five spies and their sons.
 C. Phinehas (son of Aaron and Eleazar) the high priest, and his sons.
D. Jonathan the son of Gershom, son of Moses, and his sons.
 E. Appointed elders from the tribe of Dan.
35. **What idols did the Danites use?** (v. 31)
 A. The idols of the people of Laish.
B. The carved image Micah had made.
 C. The idols for Dagon, the Philistine god.
 D. Idols that the Danites made from melting down Micah's idols and reforming them into other images.
 E. No idols – they worshiped the Lord God of Israel.
36. **Where was the house of God?** (v. 31)
 A. Shechem B. Zorah C. Eshtaol D. Bethlehem **E. Shiloh**

JUDGES 19

1. **What words open Judges 18 and Judges 19?** (v. 1)
 A. Again the Israelites did evil in the eyes of the Lord.
 B. In his anger against Israel, the Lord handed them over to raiders who plundered them.
 C. The Lord raised up another judge who saved them.
D. In those days, when there was no king in Israel.
 E. The nations of the land were thorns in Israel's side.
2. **What did a Levite from a remote area in the hill country of Ephraim do?** (v. 1)
A. Took a concubine from Bethlehem in Judah.
 B. Took a concubine from Dan.
 C. Took a concubine from between Zorah and Eshtaol.
 D. Took a concubine from Jerusalem in Judah.
 E. Took a concubine from Gilead in Manasseh.
3. **What did his concubine do?** (v. 2)
 A. Bore him a son.
B. Was unfaithful to him.
 C. Left him and went back to her father's house in Jerusalem.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
4. **After four months of separation, what did the Levite try to do?** (v. 3)
 A. Divorce his concubine.
 B. Get a different wife.
C. Spoke kindly to her and bring her back.
 D. Find a woman to help raise his child.
 E. Find his concubine.
5. **Who traveled with the Levite to Bethlehem?** (v. 3)
A. His servant and a couple of donkeys.
 B. His servant, his father, and a couple of donkeys.
 C. His father, brothers, and a couple of donkeys.
 D. He had no one – just a couple of donkeys.
 E. Jonathan, son of Gershom, the son of Moses.
6. **How was the Levite received in Bethlehem.** (v. 3-4)
 A. His concubine brought him into her father's house.
 B. Her father came with joy to meet him.
 C. His father-in-law made him stay.
 D. He stayed with his concubine and her father – eating, drinking, and sleeping there.
E. All of the above.
7. **On which day did the Levite and his concubine arise early and prepare to go?** (v. 5)
 A. The second day.
 B. The third day.
C. The fourth day.
 D. The sixth day.
 E. The seventh day.

8. **Why did the Levite and his concubine NOT leave on that day?** (v. 5)
 A. His concubine became ill.
 B. The Levite became ill.
 C. The girl's father became ill.
 D. The girl's father persuaded the Levite to strengthen his heart with a morsel of bread, and after that he may go.
 E. The girl's father persuaded the Levite to eat and drink with him, after which they both fell asleep until it was too late to leave.
9. **What did the girl's father say to the Levite on the fifth day?** (v. 8)
 A. Refresh yourself with something to eat. Then you can go.
 B. Now look, it's almost midday.
 C. Strengthen your heart and wait until the day declines.
 D. Early next week you can get up and be on your way home.
 E. All of the above.
10. **When the Levite was unwilling to stay another night with his father-in-law, which direction did he travel?** (v. 10)
 A. Toward Jericho.
 B. Opposite Jebus (that is, Jerusalem).
 C. Toward Gaza.
 D. Toward Shiloh.
 E. Toward Shechem.
11. **When the day was nearly over, where did the Levite's servant want to spend the night?** (v. 11)
 A. In Jebus, the city of the Jebusites.
 B. In Gibeah, a city of the Benjamites.
 C. In Ramah, a city of the Israelites.
 D. In Laish, a city of the Canaanites.
 E. In Zorah, a city of the Danites.
12. **Why did the Levite not want to spend the night where his servant had suggested?** (v. 12)
 A. It was a city of warriors.
 B. The gates were already closed for the night.
 C. He wanted to stay with relatives in another city just a little further away.
 D. It was a city of foreigners, whose people were not Israelites.
 E. He wanted to continue traveling through the night.
13. **Where did the Levite, his concubine, and his servant stop to spend the night?** (v. 15)
 A. Ramah B. Jerusalem C. Gibeah D. Gilead E. Gilboa
14. **What did the Levite and his traveling companions do when they reached the city?** (v. 15)
 A. Knocked on doors until they found a place to stay.
 B. Sat down in the open square of the city.
 C. Found the temple where the townspeople worshiped.
 D. Went to the tower in the middle of the city.
 E. Sat at the entrance to the gates of the city.
15. **Who took the travelers into his home for the night?** (v. 16)
 A. An old man from the tribe of Benjamin, who had lived there all his life.
 B. An old man who ran an inn.
 C. An old man from Bethlehem, who served as the town's priest.
 D. An old man from Ramah, who was staying there.
 E. An old man from the hill country of Ephraim.
16. **Where had the old man been when the Levite arrived?** (v. 16)
 A. His work in the field.
 B. At the market place on the other side of the city.
 C. In the temple shrine of the city.
 D. Out with the sheep.
 E. Crushing grapes in a winepress.
17. **What did the Levite tell the old man about his situation?** (v. 18-19)
 A. He was traveling to the remote parts of the hill country of Ephraim from which he came.
 B. He went to Bethlehem in Judah and was going to the house of the Lord.
 C. No one had taken him into his house.
 D. He had straw and feed for his donkeys with bread and wine for themselves. There is no lack of anything.
 E. All of the above.
18. **What happened after the old man brought them into his house, gave his donkeys feed, washed their feet, and ate and drank?** (v. 21-22)
 A. Some men knocked on the old man's door and asked to eat and drink with the Levite.
 B. Some wicked men surrounded the old man's house and shouted that they wanted the Levite's two donkeys.
 C. Some wicked men pounded on the old man's door, demanding that he send the Levite's concubine out to them.
 D. Some worthless fellows surrounded the house, beating on the door, saying that the old man bring out the Levite to them.
 E. Some men knocked on the old man's door and asked that the Levite come out and bless them.
19. **What did the master of the house say to the men who surrounded his house?** (v. 23-24)
 A. No, my brothers, don't act so wickedly.
 B. Since this man has come into my house, don't do this vile thing.
 C. Behold, here is my virgin daughter, and his concubine. Let me bring them out now. Violate them and do with them what seems good to you.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
20. **Who was given to the worthless fellows for them to abuse all night?** (v. 25)
 A. The concubine.
 B. The virgin daughter.
 C. The old man.
 D. The Levite.
 E. The Levite's servant.
21. **Where did her master find his concubine in the morning?** (v. 27)
 A. In the city square.
 B. Laying at the door of the house, with her hands on the threshold.
 C. At the front gate to the city.
 D. In the house where her master was staying.
 E. He did not find her – she had run back to her father's house in Bethlehem.
22. **What did the Levite do with his concubine when there was no answer?** (v. 28)
 A. Beat her.
 B. Left her in Gibeah with the old man from Ephraim.
 C. Put her on the donkey and went away to his home.
 D. Sent her back to Bethlehem.
 E. Gave her to the men of the city to keep as a prostitute.

23. **When he entered his house, what did he do?** (v. 29)
 A. Took a knife and taking hold of his lamb he divided it, limb by limb, into twelve pieces.
 B. Took a knife and taking hold of his goat he divided it, limb by limb, into twelve pieces.
 C. Took a knife and taking hold of his donkeys he divided them, limb by limb, into twelve pieces.
 D. Took a knife and taking hold of his servant he divided him, limb by limb, into twelve pieces.
 E. Took a knife and taking hold of his concubine he divided her, limb by limb, into twelve pieces.
24. **What did the Levite do with the twelve parts he had cut up?** (v. 29)
 A. Buried them under the big oak tree in the hill country of Ephraim.
 B. Offered them on twelve different altars as a burnt offering to the Lord.
 C. Offered them on a single altar as a burnt offering to the Lord.
 D. Sent them throughout all the territory of Israel.
 E. Hung them from a tree for all of Israel to see.
25. **"All who saw it said, _____."** (v. 30)
 A. Such a thing has never happened or beenscen from the day the people of Israe; came up out of the land of Egypt.
 B. Consider it.
 C. Take counsel.
 D. Speak.
 E. All of the above.

JUDGES 20

1. **Where did all the people of Israel, from Dan to Beersheba, Including the land of Gilead, assemble as one man, to the Lord?** (v. 1)
 A. Shechem.
 B. Shiloh.
 C. Mizpah.
 D. Bethlehem.
 E. Jericho.
2. **Who presented themselves in the assembly of the people of God?** (v. 2)
 A. The chiefs of all the people, of all the tribes of Israel.
 B. The priests of all the people, of all the tribe of Levi.
 C. The judges of all the people, of all the tribe of Ephraim.
 D. The prophets of all the people, of all the tribes of Israel.
 E. The leaders of all the people, of all the tribe of Judah.
3. **How many men on foot assembled?** (v. 2)
 A. 100,000.
 B. 200,000.
 C. 300,000.
 D. 400,000.
 E. 500,000.
4. **With what were the men on foot armed?** (v. 2)
 A. Trumpets.
 B. Swords.
 C. Torches.
 D. Shields.
 E. All of the above.
5. **Who heard that the people of Israel had gone up to Mizpah?** (v. 3)
 A. The people of Jerusalem.
 B. The people of Midian.
 C. The people of Benjamin.
 D. The people of Sidon.
 E. The people of Moab.
6. **What did the people of Israel want to know?** (v. 3)
 A. Why they had been called to assemble.
 B. What the book of the law of Moses said about concubines.
 C. Who had been called by God to lead them in battle.
 D. When God was going to drive out the remaining nations in the territories of Israel.
 E. How did this evil happen?
7. **What did the Levite, the husband of the murdered woman, tell Israel?** (v. 5)
 A. I and my concubine came to Gibeah in Benjamin to live.
 B. During the night the men of Gibeah came after me, intending to kill my wife.
 C. They violated my concubine, and she is dead.
 D. The men of Gibeah cut my concubine into twelve pieces and sent them to each region of Israel's inheritance to threaten all of Israel.
 E. My verdict is that the men of Gibeah be forced to pay for my concubine!

8. "All the people rose as one man, saying, "_____". (v. 8)
 A. None of us will go to his tent, and none of us will return to his house.
 B. Judah will go up to fight Gibeah first, since the murdered wife was from Bethlehem in Judah.
 C. Since this was done to the Levites, let the Levites seek vengeance from Gibeah. The rest of us will go back to our homes.
 D. Let us purge the evil from among us! Let us purge the evil from Israel for all of our sakes.
 E. May the Lord God destroy Gibeah for this evil deed.
9. What were Israel's battle plans for fighting against Gibeah? (v. 8-11)
 A. Go up against it by lot.
 B. Ten men out of every hundred from all the tribes of Israel, and a hundred from a thousand, and a thousand from ten thousand, were to offer sacrifices.
 C. When the army arrived in Gibeah, they would give the city a chance to repent of their vileness.
 D. All the men of Israel gathered against the city, united as one man.
 E. A and D above.
10. What did the tribes of Israel tell the tribe of Benjamin to do? (v. 13)
 A. Purge the evil from your own tribe! You put the wicked men of Gibeah to the sword!
 B. Give up the men, that we may put them to death.
 C. Surrender the wicked men of Gibeah so that they might be brought to trial.
 D. Abandon the territory around Gibeah so that we may burn it to the ground.
 E. Compensate the Levite for the loss of his wife.
11. How did the tribe of Benjamin respond to the other tribes of Israel? (v. 13)
 A. They did as the tribes of Israel asked.
 B. They pleaded with the tribes of Israel to leave them alone.
 C. They joined the tribes of Israel at Mizpah.
 D. They would not listen to the voice of their brothers, the people of Israel.
 E. A and C above.
12. Which of the following describes the army that the Benjamites mobilized at Gibeah to fight against the Israelites? (v. 16)
 A. Twenty thousand swordsmen from their towns.
 B. Six hundred chosen men from those living in Gibeah.
 C. Eight hundred chosen men from among the soldiers who were left-handed.
 D. 700 left-handed men; every one could sling a stone at a hair and not miss.
 E. All of the above.
13. How many men did Israel, apart from Benjamin, muster? (v. 17)
 A. Twenty-six thousand.
 B. Seven hundred chosen men who were left-handed.
 C. Four hundred thousand men who drew the sword; all these were men of war.
 D. Two hundred thousand swordsmen, armed for battle.
 E. Three hundred soldiers, armed with torches and trumpets.
14. Where did the Israelites go to inquire of God as to who should go first to fight against the Benjamites? (v. 18)
 A. Mizpah.
 B. Bethel.
 C. Shiloh.
 D. Jerusalem.
 E. Bethlehem.
15. Whom did the Lord say should go first to fight against the Benjamites? (v. 18)
 A. Judah.
 B. Levi.
 C. Ephraim.
 D. Issachar.
 E. Dan.
16. Where did the Israelites encamp? (v. 19)
 A. Jabesh Gilead.
 B. Bethel.
 C. Mizpah.
 D. Jerusalem.
 E. Gibeah.
17. How many Israelites did the Benjamites destroy the first day in the battle at Gibeah? (v. 21)
 A. Ten thousand.
 B. Twenty thousand.
 C. Twenty-two thousand.
 D. Twenty-three thousand.
 E. Forty thousand.
18. What did the men of Israel do after losing so many in the first battle? (v. 23)
 A. Encouraged one another.
 B. Took up their positions where they had stationed themselves the first day.
 C. Wept before the Lord until evening.
 D. Inquired of the Lord if they should go up again to battle against their brothers, the Benjamites.
 E. B, C, & D.
19. What happened on the second day when the Benjamites went against them out of Gibeah? (v. 25)
 A. Israel cut down 18,000 Benjamites, all of them armed with swords.
 B. The Benjamites destroyed 18,000 men who drew the sword.
 C. The Lord caused the sun to stand still until the Benjamites were defeated.
 D. The Israelites ambushed the city of Gibeah while the soldiers were fighting in the fields.
 E. The Israelites fled from the battlefield in total defeat, and returned to their homes.
20. After the second day of battle, what did the Israelites do? (v. 26)
 A. Went up to Bethlehem.
 B. Joined together in praising the Lord in song.
 C. Fasted that day until evening and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings before the Lord.
 D. Inquired of the high priest whether they should go up again to battle with the tribe of Benjamin or not.
 E. All of the above.
21. In those days, where was the ark of the covenant of God? (v. 26-27)
 A. Bethlehem.
 B. Jerusalem.
 C. Mizpah.
 D. Bethel.
 E. Shiloh.
22. Who ministered before the ark of the covenant of God in those days? (v. 28)
 A. Phinehas.
 B. Eleazar.
 C. Aaron.
 D. Jonathan.
 E. Gershom.

23. **How did the Lord respond to the inquiry of Israel after the second day of battle against the people of Benjamin?** (v. 28)
 A. Judah shall go first.
 B. Go up against them.
 C. Go up, for tomorrow I will give them into your hand.
 D. Go home. I will take vengeance on Gibeah myself.
 E. Purge the evil from among your camp. Then go fight the Benjamites.
24. **What did the Israelites do differently on the third day of battle against the people of Benjamin?** (v. 29)
 A. Took up a different position against Gibeah than they had done the previous two days.
 B. Set men in ambush around Gibeah.
 C. Surrounded the city while they blew their trumpets.
 D. Made a barrier of dry limbs between their army and that of the Benjamites and set it on fire.
 E. Took the ark of the covenant of God with them into battle.
25. **What were the people of Benjamin saying when they went against the people and were drawn away from the city?** (v. 31)
 A. That the battle was different – Israel was better armed.
 B. That the battle was different – Israel had more swordsmen.
 C. That they were chasing the Israelite army that was retreating in total defeat.
 D. That they are routed before us as at the first.
 E. A and B above.
26. **How many Israelite men fell in the open field and on the roads?** (v. 31)
 A. Twenty.
 B. Thirty.
 C. Forty.
 D. Fifty.
 E. One hundred.
27. **What did the Israelites say when they met the Benjamites in battle on the third day?** (v. 32)
 A. Surely the Lord has deserted us, since the Benjamites are inflicting casualties on us like before.
 B. Did we misunderstand the Lord when He said to fight our brothers, the Benjamites?
 C. Who are we to fight the mighty soldiers of Gibeah?
 D. Be strong and very courageous!
 E. Let us flee and draw them away from the city to the highways.
28. **When the men of Israel moved from their place, where did they set themselves?** (v. 33)
 A. Baal-tamar.
 B. Bethel.
 C. Spring of Harod.
 D. Jabesh Gilead.
 E. Beth Horon.
29. **The men of Israel who were in ambush rushed out of their place from _____.** (v. 33)
 A. the North.
 B. Gilboah.
 C. Gibeah.
 D. Maareh-geba.
 E. The South and west.
30. **Who led the attack on Gibeah?** (v. 34)
 A. Ten thousand of the finest men from Judah.
 B. Ten thousand of the finest men from Levi.
 C. Ten thousand chosen men out of all Israel.
 D. Five thousand of Israel's finest men.
 E. Twenty thousand of Dan's finest men.
31. **How hard was the battle?** (v. 34)
 A. So hard that the number of lives lost could not be counted.
 B. So hard that the blood flowed like rivers through the fields.
 C. So hard that men had to stand on fallen soldiers to fight.
 D. So hard that it was impossible to tell who was fighting for which side.
 E. So hard that the Benjaminites did not know that disaster was close upon them.
32. **Who defeated Benjamin?** (v. 35)
 A. The combined Israelite forces.
 B. The Lord.
 C. The men of Gibeah.
 D. The tribe of Judah.
 E. The tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh.
33. **How many Benjamites, who drew swords, were struck down on the third day?** (v. 35)
 A. Ten thousand.
 B. Twenty thousand.
 C. Twenty-five thousand.
 D. Twenty-five thousand one hundred.
 E. Thirty-one hundred.
34. **Why did the men of Israel give ground to the Benjamites?** (v. 36)
 A. They were afraid of the left-handed soldiers.
 B. They trusted on the ambush they had set against Gibeah.
 C. They were going to go around and double back to take Gibeah.
 D. They wanted a remnant of the Benjamites to remain alive.
 E. They wanted to maneuver them into the river valley to trap them.
35. **What did the Israelite men who had been in ambush do?** (v. 37-38)
 A. Hurried and rushed against Gibeah
 B. Struck all the city with the edge of the sword..
 C. Sent up a great cloud of smoke from the city.
 D. All of the above.
 E. A and B above.
36. **What was the signal for the men of Israel to turn in the battle?** (v. 38)
 A. A great cloud of smoke rising from the city.
 B. The sound of blowing trumpets.
 C. The sound of loud shouting from inside the city.
 D. A red rope hanging from the wall of the city.
 E. A and B above.
37. **How did the men of Benjamin react when they saw the column of smoke rising from Gibeah and going up into the sky?** (v. 41)
 A. They were encouraged that the people inside the walls of Gibeah were fighting also.
 B. They thought that it was the pillar of cloud of the presence of the Lord, and they fell to the ground awestruck.
 C. They were dismayed, for they saw that disaster was close upon them.
 D. They were sorrowful because they realized that their families in the city had been killed.
 E. They were strengthened in will to take vengeance on the Israelites who had burned their city.

38. **Where direction did the men of Benjamin flee?** (v. 42)
A. Back to the city of Gibeah.
B. To the mountains of Gerizim and Ebal.
C. To the Jordan River.
D. To the Jabbok River.
 E. In the direction of the wilderness.
39. **The Benjamites could not _____.** (v. 42)
A. Run, for they were very weary from battle.
B. Hide, for there were no caves close by.
C. Return to Gibeah, because it had been burned to the ground.
 D. Escape the battle – men of Israel came out of the cities were destroying them in their midst..
E. Surrender, for the Israelites were set on vengeance.
40. **How many men of valor of Benjamin fell in the vicinity of Gibeah on the east?** (v. 43-44)
A. Eight thousand.
 B. Eighteen thousand.
C. Twenty-eight thousand.
D. Forty-eight thousand.
E. Eighty thousand.
41. **As the Benjamites turned and fled to the rock of Rimmon, how many were cut down in the highways?** (v. 45)
 A. Five thousand.
B. Six thousand.
C. Seven thousand.
D. Eight thousand.
E. Nine thousand.
42. **How hard did Israel chase after the Benjamites?** (v. 45)
A. To the Jordan River.
B. To Jabesh Gilead.
 C. To Gidom.
D. To Jebus.
E. To Mizpah.
43. **How many Benjamite men were successful in fleeing and escaping with their lives?** (v. 47)
A. One hundred.
B. Two hundred.
C. Three hundred.
D. Five hundred.
 E. Six hundred.
44. **Where did the remaining Benjamite men stay?** (v. 47)
A. At the spring of Harod.
B. In the valley of Sorek.
 C. At the spring of En Hakkore.
D. At the rock of Rimmon.
E. In a cave in the rock of Etam.

45. **How long did the remaining Benjamite men stay there?** (v. 47)
A. Four days.
B. Four weeks.
 C. Four months.
D. Four years.
E. For the rest of their lives.
46. **What did the men of Israel do to the towns of Benjamin?** (v. 48)
A. Struck them with the edge of the sword.
B. Killed all the men and beasts and all that they found.
C. Set the towns on fire.
 D. All of the above.
E. A and B above.

JUDGES 21

- 1. What did the men of Israel swear at Mizpah? (v. 1)**
 - A. They would not go home until every man of Benjamin had been killed.
 - B. They would not sleep until the tribe of Benjamin had been wiped out.
 - C. No one of them would allow his son to marry a Benjamite.
 - D. No one of them would give his daughter in marriage to a Benjamite.
 - E. All of the above.
- 2. What did the Israelites do in Bethel? (v. 2-3)**
 - A. Stood before God until evening.
 - B. Raised their voices and praised the Lord.
 - C. Said, "O Lord, the God of Israel, why has this happened in Israel?"
 - D. Cried, "Why should three tribes be missing from Israel today?"
 - E. All of the above.
- 3. The next day what did the Israelites do early? (v. 4)**
 - A. Raised their voices and wept bitterly.
 - B. Built there an altar and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings.
 - C. Assembled an army to kill the remaining Benjamite men hiding at the rock of Rimmon.
 - D. Sat before God without muttering a word.
 - E. B and D above.
- 4. What did the Israelites ask when they gathered in Bethel? (v. 9)**
 - A. Which from all the tribes of Israel did not come up in the assembly to the Lord?
 - B. Which from the tribe of Levi has failed to assemble before the Lord?
 - C. Which from the tribe of Benjamin has failed to assemble before the Lord?
 - D. Which from all the tribes east of the Jordan River has failed to assemble before the Lord?
 - E. Which from the tribe of Dan has failed to assemble before the Lord?
- 5. What great oath had Israel taken regarding the tribes who did not come up to the Lord to Mizpah? (v.5)**
 - A. They shall be enslaved to all the other tribes.
 - B. Their lands should be taken away from them.
 - C. They shall surely be put to death.
 - D. They shall be cut off from the nation of Israel.
 - E. They shall be made to offer burnt offerings and sacrifices daily for seven years.
- 6. Who from Israel did not come up to the Lord at Mizpah? (v. 4)**
 - A. No one had come to the camp from Bethlehem to the assembly.
 - B. No one had come to the camp from Hebron to the assembly.
 - C. No one had come to the camp from Dan to the assembly.
 - D. No one had come to the camp from Zarah to the assembly.
 - E. No one had come to the camp from Jabesh-gilead to the assembly.
- 7. On whom did the people have compassion? (v. 6)**
 - A. The people of Jabesh Gilead.
 - B. The people of Gibeah.
 - C. The people of Israel who were killed in battle.
 - D. Benjamin, their brother, and said, "one tribe is cut off from Israel this day."
 - E. All of the above.
- 8. What concerned Israel about those who were left of the tribe of Benjamin? (v. 7)**
 - A. They might make alliances with the people of Canaan and fight against Israel.
 - B. What shall we do for wives for those who are left, since we have sworn by the Lord that we will not give them any of our daughters for wives?
 - C. Where Israel might find the remaining Benjamites to finish killing them off.
 - D. How to provide food and water for them, since their lands had been taken away.
 - E. A and C above.
- 9. Whom did the congregation send to Jabesh-gilead? (v. 8)**
 - A. One leader from each tribe of Israel.
 - B. The high priest and his servant.
 - C. Twelve thousand of their bravest men.
 - D. The remaining Benjamites.
 - E. The leaders of the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half-tribe of Manasseh who lived east of the Jordan River, where Jabesh Gilead was located.
- 10. What were these people to do once they arrived at Jabesh Gilead? (v. 10-11)**
 - A. Struck the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead, also the women and little ones.
 - B. Every male and every woman that has lain with male they devoted to destruction.
 - C. Take all the plunder from the city to help the remaining Benjamites.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. A and B above.
- 11. How many young virgin women were found in Jabesh Gilead? (v. 12)**
 - A. One hundred.
 - B. Two hundred.
 - C. Three hundred.
 - D. Four hundred.
 - E. Six hundred.
- 12. Where were these young virgin women brought? (v. 12)**
 - A. To the camp at Shiloh.
 - B. To the camp at Bethel.
 - C. To the camp at Mizpah.
 - D. To the camp at Gibeah.
 - E. To the camp at the Jordan River.
- 13. What did the congregation send to the people of Benjamin at the rock of Rimmon? (v. 13)**
 - A. Plunder from the destroyed city of Jabesh Gilead.
 - B. Young virgin women from the destroyed city of Jabesh Gilead.
 - C. An proclamation of peace.
 - D. Food and water to sustain them where they lived.
 - E. A and B above.
- 14. When the Benjamites returned, what were they given? (v. 14)**
 - A. Plunder from the destroyed city of Jabesh Gilead.
 - B. The women whom they had saved alive of Jabesh Gilead.
 - C. An offer of peace.
 - D. Food and water to sustain them as they established new homes.
 - E. A and B above
- 15. What was the problem that still faced Israel and the Benjamites? (v. 16-18)**
 - A. There were not enough wives for all of the remaining Benjamites.
 - B. There must be an inheritance for the survivors of Benjamin that a tribe not be blotted out from Israel.
 - C. They could not give them wives because they had sworn not to.
 - D. All of the above.
 - E. B and C above.

16. **Where was the yearly feast of the Lord?** (v. 19)
 A. Gilead.
 B. Orpah.
 C. Mizpah.
 D. Bethel.
 E. Shiloh.
17. **Where was this town located?** (v. 19)
 A. South of Bethel.
 B. West of the road that went from Bethel to Shechem.
 C. South of Lebonah.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
18. **What did they command the remaining Benjamites to do at this yearly feast?** (v. 20)
 A. Go and stand with the crowd in the vineyards and watch.
 B. If the daughters of Shiloh come out to dance in the dances, then come out of the vineyards and snatch each man his wife
 C. Bring the girl back to the assembly of Israel and offer a burnt offering of thanks to the Lord.
 D. Then go to the land beyond the Tigris River – away from the inheritance of Israel.
 E. All of the above.
19. **What were they to say if any of the girl's fathers or brothers complained?** (v. 22)
 A. Grady them graciously to us.
 B. We did not take for each man of them his wife in battle.
 C. You are not guilty.
 D. You did not give them to them.
 E. All of the above.
20. **What did the people of Benjamin and their new wives do?** (v. 23)
 A. Returned to their inheritance.
 B. Rebuilt towns.
 C. Lived in the towns.
 D. All of the above.
 E. B and C above.
21. **What did the Israelites do after the dealings with the people of Benjamin were over?** (v. 24)
 A. Praised the Lord for getting wives for the remaining Benjamites.
 B. They went out from there every man to his inheritance.
 C. Helped the Benjamites rebuild towns.
 D. Had no more to do with the Benjamites, since they had been cut off from Israel.
 E. B and D above.
22. **"In those days there was no king in Israel, _____."** (v. 25)
 A. Everyone followed the ways of the Lord God of Israel.
 B. Every tribe appointed their own leader and judge over them.
 C. Everyone did what was right in his own eyes.
 D. Everyone worshiped the gods of the nations who had remained in Canaan.
 E. Everyone looked forward to the promise of a king to come.

JUDGES WHAT CHAPTER IS THIS?

QUOTES:

- _____ 1. That the leaders took the lead in Israel, that the people offered themselves willingly, bless the Lord!
- _____ 2. This is no other than the sword of Gideon the son of Joash, a man of Israel
- _____ 3. If you will go with me, I will go, but if you will not go with me, I will not go.
- _____ 4. Did you not hate me and drive me out of my father's house? Why have you come to me now when you are in distress?
- _____ 5. What is sweeter than honey? What is stronger than a lion?
- _____ 6. I am the Lord your God; you shall not fear the gods of the Amorites in whose land you dwell.
- _____ 7. No razor shall come upon his head, for the child shall be a Nazirite to God from the womb.
- _____ 8. I will not drive them out before you, but they shall become thorns in your sides
- _____ 9. You take my gods that I made and the priest, and go away, and what have I left?
- _____ 10. Will you contend for Baal? Or will you save him?
- _____ 11. The 1,100 pieces of silver that were taken from you, about which you uttered a curse
- _____ 12. Follow after me, for the Lord has given your enemies the Moabites into your hand.
- _____ 13. Go and cry out to the gods whom you have chosen; let them save you in the time of your distress.
- _____ 14. If my head is shaved, then my strength will leave me, and I shall become weak and be like any other man.
- _____ 15. The people with you are too many for me to give the Midianites into their hand
- _____ 16. Peace be to you; I will care for all your wants. Only, do not spend the night in the square.
- _____ 17. In those days there was no king in Israel. Everyone did what was right in his own eyes.
- _____ 18. God has given into your hands the princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb. What have I been able to do in comparison with you?
- _____ 19. I will go out as at other times and shake myself free.
- _____ 20. I have a message from God for you.
- _____ 21. No one of us shall give his daughter in marriage to Benjamin.
- _____ 22. We will not turn aside into the city of foreigners, who do not belong to the people of Israel,
- _____ 23. Peace be to you. Do not fear; you shall not die.
- _____ 24. A sword for the Lord and for Gideon!
- _____ 25. Such a thing has never happened or been seen from the day that the people of Israel came up out of the land of Egypt